



(A Development-Stage Company)

Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements  
For the three month period ended March 31, 2018  
(in Canadian dollars)  
(Unaudited)

# Alderon Iron Ore Corp.

## Condensed Interim Consolidated Statements of Financial Position

(in Canadian dollars)

(Unaudited)

	As of March 31, 2018	As of December 31, 2017
	\$	\$
<b>ASSETS</b>		
<b>Current assets</b>		
Cash and cash equivalents (note 18)	13,888,952	14,840,135
Short-term investments (note 18)	1,001,249	990,551
Receivables (note 3)	29,594	37,403
Prepaid expenses	112,344	51,767
<b>Total current assets</b>	<b>15,032,139</b>	<b>15,919,856</b>
<b>Non-current assets</b>		
Mineral properties (note 5)	99,053,952	98,878,856
Property, plant and equipment (note 6)	16,124,079	16,121,144
<b>Total non-current assets</b>	<b>115,178,031</b>	<b>115,000,000</b>
<b>Total assets</b>	<b>130,210,170</b>	<b>130,919,856</b>
<b>LIABILITIES</b>		
<b>Current liabilities</b>		
Payables and accrued liabilities (note 8)	9,420,603	9,502,931
Due to related parties (note 10)	363,878	311,859
Interest payable on convertible debt (note 9)	474,048	-
Convertible debt (note 9)	22,763,304	22,489,293
	<b>33,021,833</b>	<b>32,304,083</b>
<b>EQUITY</b>		
Share capital, warrants and conversion option (notes 9, 12 and 13)	264,728,247	264,486,581
Other capital (notes 11 and 14)	26,867,661	26,125,059
Deficit	(206,646,614)	(204,859,976)
<b>Equity attributable to owners of the parent</b>	<b>84,949,294</b>	<b>85,751,664</b>
Non-controlling interest	12,239,043	12,864,109
<b>Total equity</b>	<b>97,188,337</b>	<b>98,615,773</b>
<b>Total liabilities and equity</b>	<b>130,210,170</b>	<b>130,919,856</b>

Basis of preparation, nature of operations and going concern (note 1)

Commitments and contingencies (note 20)

Subsequent event (note 21)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed interim consolidated financial statements.

Approved by the Board of Directors

*"Adrian Loader"*

Adrian Loader  
Director

*"David Porter"*

David Porter  
Director

## Alderon Iron Ore Corp.

Condensed Interim Consolidated Statements of Changes in Equity

For the three month periods ended March 31, 2018 and 2017

(in Canadian dollars, except share data)

(Unaudited)

	Attributable to owners of the parent				Non-controlling interest	Total
	Common shares	Share capital, warrants, and conversion option	Other capital	Deficit		
	(number)	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
<b>Balance – January 1, 2017</b>	132,134,061	264,346,796	25,044,099	(107,753,906)	43,381,320	225,018,309
Share-based compensation costs – stock options (note 14)	-	-	58,807	-	-	58,807
Net loss and comprehensive loss	-	-	-	(1,810,583)	(139,360)	(1,949,943)
Total contributions by and distributions to owners	-	-	58,807	(1,810,583)	(139,360)	(1,891,136)
<b>Balance – March 31, 2017</b>	132,134,061	264,346,796	25,102,906	(109,564,489)	43,241,960	223,127,173

	Attributable to owners of the parent				Non-controlling interest	Total
	Common shares	Share capital, warrants, and conversion option	Other capital	Deficit		
	(number)	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
<b>Balance – January 1, 2018</b>	132,638,517	264,486,581	26,125,059	(204,859,976)	12,864,109	98,615,773
Issuance of common shares (note 12)	833,333	241,666	-	-	-	241,666
Share-based compensation costs – stock options (note 14)	-	-	722,040	-	-	722,040
Share-based compensation costs – deferred share units (note 11)	-	-	20,562	-	-	20,562
Net loss and comprehensive loss	-	-	-	(1,786,638)	(625,066)	(2,411,704)
Total contributions by and distributions to owners	833,333	241,666	742,602	(1,786,638)	(625,066)	(1,427,436)
<b>Balance – March 31, 2018</b>	133,471,850	264,728,247	26,867,661	(206,646,614)	12,239,043	97,188,337

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed interim consolidated financial statements.

## Alderon Iron Ore Corp.

Condensed Interim Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Loss  
For the three month periods ended March 31, 2018 and 2017

(in Canadian dollars, except share and per share data)  
(Unaudited)

	2018	2017
	\$	\$
<b>Operating expenses (note 16)</b>		
General and administrative expenses	1,299,700	1,038,761
Project maintenance expenses	185,532	332,214
Foreign exchange loss (gain)	136,792	(37,970)
Government and community relations expenses	74,573	-
	<u>1,696,597</u>	<u>1,333,005</u>
<b>Loss from operations</b>	<b>(1,696,597)</b>	<b>(1,333,005)</b>
Finance income	32,952	95,430
Finance costs (note 9)	(748,059)	(712,368)
Net finance costs	<u>(715,107)</u>	<u>(616,938)</u>
<b>Net loss and comprehensive loss</b>	<b>(2,411,704)</b>	<b>(1,949,943)</b>
<b>Attributable to:</b>		
Owners of the parent	(1,786,638)	(1,810,583)
Non-controlling interest	(625,066)	(139,360)
	<u>(2,411,704)</u>	<u>(1,949,943)</u>
<b>Net loss per share (note 15)</b>		
Basic and diluted	<u>(0.01)</u>	<u>(0.01)</u>
<b>Weighted average number of shares outstanding (note 15)</b>		
Basic and diluted	<u>133,045,924</u>	<u>132,134,061</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed interim consolidated financial statements.

## Alderon Iron Ore Corp.

Condensed Interim Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows  
For the three month periods ended March 31, 2018 and 2017

(in Canadian dollars)  
(Unaudited)

	2018	2017
	\$	\$
<b>Cash flows from operating activities</b>		
Net loss	(2,411,704)	(1,949,943)
Adjustments for:		
Share-based compensation costs (notes 11 and 14)	742,602	58,807
Deferred share unit compensation costs (note 11)	-	415,702
Revised fair value of common shares issued (notes 12 and 17)	41,666	-
Depreciation of equipment (note 6)	84	-
Finance income	(32,952)	(95,430)
Finance costs (note 9)	748,059	712,368
Changes in operating assets and liabilities (note 17)	105,287	(66,755)
Interest received	41,569	35,498
Net cash used in operating activities	<u>(765,389)</u>	<u>(889,753)</u>
<b>Cash flows from investing activities</b>		
Additions to mineral properties (note 5)	(175,096)	(175,095)
Increase in short-term investments	(10,698)	(10,934)
Deposit on asset purchase offer (note 4)	-	(250,000)
Net cash used in investing activities	<u>(185,794)</u>	<u>(436,029)</u>
<b>Net change in cash and cash equivalents</b>	(951,183)	(1,325,782)
<b>Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period</b>	<u>14,840,135</u>	<u>8,854,646</u>
<b>Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period</b>	<u>13,888,952</u>	<u>7,528,864</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed interim consolidated financial statements.

# Alderon Iron Ore Corp.

Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

March 31, 2018

(amounts in Canadian dollars, except share/option/warrant/unit data)

(Unaudited)

## 1 Summary of business, reporting entity, basis of preparation, nature of operations and going concern

### Summary of business

Alderon Iron Ore Corp. ("Alderon" or the "Company") is a development-stage company conducting iron ore evaluation activities related entirely to its Canadian properties located in western Labrador in the province of Newfoundland and Labrador. Those properties are collectively referred to as the Kamistiatusset, or "Kami", Property. All activities associated with the Kami Property are referred to as the Kami Project.

### Reporting entity

The accompanying condensed interim consolidated financial statements include the accounts of Alderon Iron Ore Corp., an entity incorporated under the laws of the Province of British Columbia, and its subsidiaries: 0964896 BC Ltd., an entity incorporated under the laws of the Province of British Columbia, and Kami General Partner Limited ("Kami GP"), an entity incorporated under the laws of the Province of Ontario. The condensed interim consolidated financial statements also include the accounts of an affiliate, The Kami Mine Limited Partnership ("The Kami LP"), an entity established under the laws of the Province of Ontario. Kami GP and The Kami LP are each owned 75%, directly or indirectly, by the Company. The Company transferred the Kami Property into The Kami LP during the year ended December 31, 2013.

The Company's common shares are listed on the Toronto Stock Exchange ("TSX") under the symbol "IRON".

### Basis of preparation, nature of operations and going concern

#### *Basis of preparation*

The accompanying condensed interim consolidated financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS"), as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB"), applicable to the preparation of interim financial statements, including International Accounting Standard ("IAS") 34, *Interim Financial Reporting* ("IAS 34"), and should be read in conjunction with the Company's annual consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2017.

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with IAS 34 requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates and the exercise of management's judgment in applying the Company's accounting policies. Areas involving a high degree of judgment or complexity and areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the Company's condensed interim consolidated financial statements are discussed in note 2.

The policies applied in these condensed interim consolidated financial statements are based on IFRS issued and effective as of March 31, 2018. These condensed interim consolidated financial statements were approved by the Company's Board of Directors on May 9, 2018.

#### *Nature of operations and going concern*

The accompanying condensed interim consolidated financial statements were prepared on a going concern basis, which contemplates the realization of assets and settlement of liabilities in the normal course of business as they become due.

# Alderon Iron Ore Corp.

Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

March 31, 2018

(amounts in Canadian dollars, except share/option/warrant/unit data)

(Unaudited)

## 1 Summary of business, reporting entity, basis of preparation, nature of operations and going concern (continued)

The application of the going concern concept is dependent upon the Company's ability to satisfy its liabilities as they become due and to obtain the necessary financing to complete the development of its mineral property interests, the attainment of profitable mining operations or the receipt of proceeds from the disposition of its mineral property interests. In assessing whether the going concern assumption is appropriate, management takes into account all available information about the future, which is at least, but not limited to, twelve months from the end of the reporting period.

The business of exploration, development and mining of minerals involves a high degree of risk and there can be no assurance that current exploration, development and mining plans will result in profitable mining operations. The recoverability of the carrying value of assets and the Company's continued existence is dependent upon the preservation of its interests in the underlying properties, the development of economically recoverable resources, the achievement of profitable operations and the ability of the Company to raise additional financing. Changes in future conditions or anticipated future conditions could require further material write-downs to the carrying values of the Company's assets.

On December 9, 2014, the Company announced a cash preservation program designed to allow it to maintain sufficient liquidity during the advancement of its financing plan. This program included an interest deferral agreement with Liberty Metals & Mining Holdings, LLC ("Liberty"), a subsidiary of Liberty Mutual Insurance (note 9), voluntary partial payment deferrals with equipment vendors for work completed to date, workforce reductions and the implementation of a deferred share unit plan (note 11) for directors to reduce cash director fees.

The Company currently does not have sufficient financial resources to cover all of its originally planned commitments and as a result, it has split its purchase orders for equipment into two phases, engineering and manufacturing. Advances for engineering have been paid in full while commitments for manufacturing and fabrication remain contingent upon the Company issuing to its suppliers a notice to proceed following successful completion of its financing plan (note 20).

To date, the Company has not recorded any revenues from operations, has no source of operating cash flow and no assurance that additional funding will be available to it for further development of the Kami Project. The Company does not have financial resources sufficient to cover all of its commitments for the coming year, which include net amounts payable as at March 31, 2018, necessary general and administrative costs through the next twelve months, interest payments due on convertible debt, and contractual obligations as at March 31, 2018 (in relation to anticipated equipment payments (note 20)). In addition, the principal balance of the convertible debt in the amount of \$23,702,393 becomes due on December 31, 2018 (note 9).

The Company filed on SEDAR a Technical Report on November 20, 2017 entitled *Update to the Re-scoped Preliminary Economic Assessment of the Kamistatusset (Kami) Iron Ore Property, Labrador for Alderon Iron Ore Corp.* (the "Updated PEA"), dated effective November 7, 2017. The Company re-scoped the capital and operating costs of the Kami Project in order to identify savings that have arisen in the market and changes in ownership and management of assets in the Labrador Trough. Prior to construction commencing, the Company will have to complete a feasibility study for the re-scoped Kami Project, reassemble the owner's team, award an Engineering, Procurement and Construction Management ("EPCM") or Engineering, Procurement and Construction ("EPC") contract, resume detailed engineering, and have construction financing in place.

## Alderon Iron Ore Corp.

Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

March 31, 2018

(amounts in Canadian dollars, except share/option/warrant/unit data)

(Unaudited)

### 1 Summary of business, reporting entity, basis of preparation, nature of operations and going concern (continued)

The revised project economics included in the Updated PEA form the basis for the cash flows used to test the recoverability of the Kami Project assets, including mineral properties, property, plant and equipment and the long-term advance. As certain infrastructure access was not secured as expected, the cash flows used to test the recoverability of the Kami Project assets were revised and impairment occurred during the year ended December 31, 2017.

The Company is seeking to arrange the necessary funds in order to satisfy its obligations and commitments. Specifically, the Company continues to advance all of the elements of its financing plan, including debt and equity. There can be no assurance that implementation of the results of the re-scoping process and completion of the financing plan will be successful. These conditions and events indicate material uncertainties that may cast significant doubt upon the Company's ability to continue as a going concern.

If management is unable to obtain new funding and/or continue to delay the payment of certain of its amounts payable, the Company may be unable to continue its operations, and amounts realized for assets might be less than amounts reflected in these condensed interim consolidated financial statements. If the going concern assumption was not appropriate, adjustments to the carrying value of assets and liabilities, reported expenses and consolidated statement of financial position classifications would be necessary. Such adjustments could be material.

### 2 Significant accounting policies, critical accounting estimates and judgments and new standards and interpretations not yet adopted

#### Significant accounting policies

The accounting policies disclosed in the notes to the annual consolidated financial statements of the Company for the year ended December 31, 2017 have been applied consistently to all periods presented in these condensed interim consolidated financial statements, except as outlined below.

#### Financial instruments

Effective January 1, 2018, the Company has adopted IFRS 9, *Financial Instruments* ("IFRS 9"). IFRS 9 provides three different measurement categories for non-derivative financial assets – subsequently measured at amortized cost, fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL") or fair value through other comprehensive income – while all non-derivative financial liabilities are classified as subsequently measured at amortized cost. The category into which a financial asset is placed and the resultant accounting treatment is largely dependent on the nature of the business of the entity holding the financial asset. All financial instruments are initially recognized at fair value.

The implementation of the new standard has not had a material impact on the measurement of the Company's reported financial results; however additional disclosures have been provided.

#### *Financial assets*

The Company initially recognizes financial assets on the trade date, which is the date that the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. The Company derecognizes a financial asset when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire, or it transfers the rights to receive the contractual cash flows in a transaction in which substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset are transferred. Any interest in such transferred financial assets that is created or retained by the Company is recognized as a separate asset or liability.



## Alderon Iron Ore Corp.

Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

March 31, 2018

(amounts in Canadian dollars, except share/option/warrant/unit data)

(Unaudited)

### 2 Significant accounting policies, critical accounting estimates and judgments and new standards and interpretations not yet adopted (continued)

The Company classifies all of its financial assets as subsequently measured at amortized cost. All financial assets that do not meet the criteria to be recognized as subsequently measured at amortized cost or subsequently measured at fair value through other comprehensive income are classified as FVTPL.

#### *Financial liabilities*

The Company measures all of its financial liabilities as subsequently measured at amortized cost. Financial liabilities are recognized initially at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred, and are subsequently measured at amortized cost. Any difference between the amounts originally received, net of transaction costs, and the redemption value is recognized in profit and loss over the period to maturity using the effective interest method.

#### **Critical accounting estimates and judgments**

The preparation of the Company's condensed interim consolidated financial statements in accordance with IAS 34 requires management to make estimates about and apply assumptions to future events and other matters that affect the reported amounts of the Company's assets, liabilities, expenses and related disclosures. Assumptions and estimates are based on historical experience, expectations, current trends and other factors that management believes to be relevant at the time at which the Company's condensed interim consolidated financial statements are prepared. Management reviews, on a regular basis, the Company's accounting policies, assumptions and estimates in order to ensure that the condensed interim consolidated financial statements are presented fairly and in accordance with IAS 34.

Critical accounting estimates are those that have a significant risk of causing material adjustment and are often applied to matters or outcomes that are inherently uncertain and subject to change. As such, management cautions that future events often vary from forecasts and expectations and that estimates routinely require adjustment. The significant judgments made by the Company in applying accounting policies and the key sources of estimation uncertainty were the same as those that applied to the annual consolidated financial statements of the Company for the year ended December 31, 2017.

#### **New standards and interpretations not yet adopted**

The standard that is considered to be relevant to the Company's operations that is issued, but not yet effective, up to the date of issuance of the Company's condensed interim consolidated financial statements is disclosed below:

#### Leases

IFRS 16, *Leases* ("IFRS 16"), which specifies how an entity will recognize, measure, present and disclose leases. The standard provides a single lessee accounting model, requiring lessees to recognize assets and liabilities for all leases unless the lease term is twelve months or less or the underlying asset has a low monetary value. Lessors continue to classify leases as operating or finance, with IFRS 16's approach to lessor accounting substantially unchanged from its predecessor, IAS 17, *Leases*. IFRS 16 applies to annual reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2019, with earlier application permitted only if IFRS 15, *Revenue from Contracts with Customers* has also been applied.

The Company will adopt IFRS 16 in its financial statements on January 1, 2019. The impact of the adoption of this standard will result in the recognition of additional assets and liabilities on the statement of financial position, and a corresponding increase in depreciation and interest expense. The extent of the impact of adopting IFRS 16 has not yet been determined. The Company has completed the development of its implementation plan and expects to report more detailed information, including estimated quantitative financial impacts, if material, in its financial statements as the effective date approaches.

## Alderon Iron Ore Corp.

Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements  
March 31, 2018

(amounts in Canadian dollars, except share/option/warrant/unit data)  
(Unaudited)

### 3 Receivables

	As of March 31, 2018	As of December 31, 2017
	\$	\$
Sales and other tax credits receivable	28,444	28,786
Other receivables	1,150	-
Interest receivable	-	8,617
	<u>29,594</u>	<u>37,403</u>

### 4 Prepaid expenses

On March 27, 2017, the Company submitted a binding offer (the "Offer") in connection with formal sale procedures developed by Wabush Mines, Wabush Resources Inc., Wabush Iron Co. Limited, Wabush Lake Railway Company Limited (collectively, the "Vendors") in consultation with FTI Consulting Canada Inc. (the "Monitor"). The Offer was to purchase certain assets related to the Scully Mine, located north of the Town of Wabush in Newfoundland and Labrador, for the purpose of disposing of the tailings produced from the Kami Project (the "Scully Assets"). As consideration for the Scully Assets, the Company offered to pay \$1,000,000 and assume certain liabilities and obligations associated with ownership and operation of the Scully Assets. The Company paid a deposit in the amount of \$250,000 which would have been applied against the purchase price on closing if the Offer was accepted.

The Offer was rejected and the deposit in the amount of \$250,000 was returned to the Company on June 19, 2017.

## Alderon Iron Ore Corp.

Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

March 31, 2018

(amounts in Canadian dollars, except share/option/warrant/unit data)

(Unaudited)

### 5 Mineral properties

On January 15, 2013, the Company filed on SEDAR a Technical Report, entitled *Feasibility Study of the Rose Deposit and Resource Estimate for the Mills Lake Deposit of the Kamistiatusset (Kami) Iron Ore Property, Labrador for Alderon Iron Ore Corp.*, (the "Feasibility Study"), dated effective December 17, 2012. As the technical feasibility and commercial viability of the extraction of the Kami Property's mineral reserves had been demonstrated, the Company started to capitalize directly attributable pre-production expenditures as of February 1, 2013. Pre-production expenditures incurred prior to February 1, 2013 were recorded in the statement of comprehensive loss as exploration and evaluation expenses or environmental, aboriginal, government and community expenses. Generally, as of November 15, 2014, the Company ceased to incur development costs eligible for capitalization as it was focused on the advancement of its financing plan rather than the development of the Kami Project. Accordingly, most of the costs incurred with respect to the Kami Project subsequent to November 15, 2014 have been recorded as project maintenance expenses in the Company's operating expenses.

The Updated PEA is the current Technical Report for the Kami Project (note 1).

Components of the Company's mineral properties, as well as activity associated therewith, are summarized below.

	Acquisition costs	Development costs	Share-based compensation costs capitalized	Interest capitalized	Depreciation capitalized	Accumulated impairment	Total
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Balance – January 1, 2017	88,668,710	86,212,203	495,423	1,694,823	48,986	-	177,120,145
Additions during the year	-	175,095	-	-	-	-	175,095
Impairment loss	-	-	-	-	-	(78,416,384)	(78,416,384)
Balance – December 31, 2017	88,668,710	86,387,298	495,423	1,694,823	48,986	(78,416,384)	98,878,856
Additions during the period	-	175,096	-	-	-	-	175,096
Balance – March 31, 2018	88,668,710	86,562,394	495,423	1,694,823	48,986	(78,416,384)	99,053,952

Additions to mineral properties in the condensed interim consolidated statements of cash flows are presented on a cash basis. During the three month period ended March 31, 2018, cash expenditures totaled \$175,096 (2017 - \$175,095).

During the year ended December 31, 2017, the Company recorded an impairment loss with respect to the Kami Project in the amount of \$111,666,355 of which \$78,416,384 was allocated to mineral properties.

## Alderon Iron Ore Corp.

Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements  
March 31, 2018

(amounts in Canadian dollars, except share/option/warrant/unit data)  
(Unaudited)

### 6 Property, plant and equipment

Components of the Company's property, plant and equipment, as well as activity associated therewith, are summarized below.

	Computer and office equipment	Construction in progress	Total
	\$	\$	\$
Historical cost – January 1, 2017	-	28,906,099	28,906,099
Additions	-	-	-
Historical cost – December 31, 2017	-	28,906,099	28,906,099
Additions	3,019	-	3,019
Historical cost – March 31, 2018	3,019	28,906,099	28,909,118
Accumulated depreciation and impairment – January 1, 2017	-	-	-
Impairment loss	-	(12,784,955)	(12,784,955)
Accumulated depreciation and impairment – December 31, 2017	-	(12,784,955)	(12,784,955)
Depreciation	(84)	-	(84)
Accumulated depreciation and impairment – March 31, 2018	(84)	(12,784,955)	(12,785,039)
Carrying value – December 31, 2017	-	16,121,144	16,121,144
Carrying value – March 31, 2018	2,935	16,121,144	16,124,079

During the three month periods ended March 31, 2018 and 2017, the Company did not make any advances to suppliers in relation to the purchase of equipment. Construction in progress relates to advances paid or accrued on equipment (note 8).

As of March 31, 2018, other non-cash items totaled \$42,019 (December 31, 2017 - \$39,000) (note 17).

During the year ended December 31, 2017, the Company recorded an impairment loss with respect to the Kami Project in the amount of \$111,666,355 of which \$12,784,955 was allocated to property, plant and equipment.

### 7 Long-term advance

On July 13, 2012, the Company entered into an agreement with the Sept-Îles Port Authority (the "Port") to secure usage of a new multi-user deep water dock facility that the Port was constructing (the "Port Agreement"). The initial commitment paid by the Company was \$20,465,016 (the "Buy-in Payment"), which constitutes an advance on Alderon's future shipping fees. The Buy-in Payment will be reimbursed to the Company via a discount that will be applied to shipping fees to be billed by the Port once Alderon's usage of the multi-user facility commences. Once the new multi-user dock facility is operational, the Company has a take or pay obligation based on a discounted rate applied on 50% of the 8,000,000 tonnes minimum annual shipping capacity and is payable even if Alderon does not use the facilities.

## Alderon Iron Ore Corp.

Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements  
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(amounts in Canadian dollars, except share/option/warrant/unit data)  
(Unaudited)

### 7 Long-term advance (continued)

On December 18, 2017, the Company executed an amended agreement with the Port as a result of the multi-user facility becoming operational (the "Amended Port Agreement"). Pursuant to the Amended Port Agreement, effective February 1, 2018 and until the Company starts shipping iron ore, the take or pay obligation is reduced from \$296,667 per month (based on 8,000,000 tonnes shipping capacity) to \$74,167 per month, payable on a quarterly basis. All amounts paid in cash are added to the Buy-in Payment balance total. Alternatively, the Company may offset the full take or pay obligation of \$296,667 per month against the Buy-in Payment balance on a quarterly basis. The take or pay obligation amount is based on shipping fee rates which are adjusted on January 1 of each year based on the Canada All-Items Consumer Price Index (the "CPI").

During the year ended December 31, 2017, the Company recorded an impairment loss with respect to the Kami Project in the amount of \$111,666,355 of which \$20,465,016 was allocated to the long-term advance as a result of executing the Amended Port Agreement and the Company's intention to offset the take or pay obligation against the Buy-in Payment.

During the three month period ended March 31, 2018, the Company satisfied its take or pay obligation by offsetting the amounts against the Buy-in Payment.

### 8 Payables and accrued liabilities

	As of March 31, 2018	As of December 31, 2017
	\$	\$
Accrued payable on purchases of equipment (note 6)	5,376,611	5,242,147
Accrued development and project maintenance costs	3,467,363	3,467,096
Other accrued liabilities	363,815	363,815
Trade accounts payable	124,732	132,203
Accrued legal and professional expenses	85,309	294,897
Accrued salaries and benefits	2,773	2,773
	<b>9,420,603</b>	<b>9,502,931</b>

### 9 Convertible debt

On February 24, 2014, Liberty provided a loan to The Kami LP (the "Note") in the amount of \$22,000,000. \$21,000,000 of the gross proceeds of the Note was used to fund a security agreement entered into with Newfoundland and Labrador Hydro which was terminated during the year ending December 31, 2017 (note 18). The remaining \$1,000,000 was used for working capital purposes, including for the payment of the establishment fee and transaction costs. Commencing 12 months after the issuance of the Note, the principal amount of the Note and any accrued but unpaid interest, became convertible at Liberty's option into the Company's common shares at a conversion price equal to \$2.376 per common share. The Note is secured with a mortgage over the Kami Project and bears interest at a rate of 8% per annum, payable on June 30th and December 31st of each year. A 1.5% establishment fee was paid to Liberty in connection with the Note. The Company has the option to prepay the entire balance of the Note, at a premium of a 20% internal rate of return to Liberty. The maturity date of the Note is December 31, 2018.

## Alderon Iron Ore Corp.

Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

March 31, 2018

(amounts in Canadian dollars, except share/option/warrant/unit data)

(Unaudited)

### 9 Convertible debt (continued)

As of February 24, 2014, the effective interest rate that was used to accrete the liability component of the Note up to the principal amount at maturity was 12.7%. The issuance of the Note was recorded at inception as follows:

	\$
Debt component	18,266,247
Equity component	3,403,753
Transaction costs	330,000
<b>Gross proceeds</b>	<b>22,000,000</b>

The recording of the equity component of the Note as described in the table above increased the non-controlling interest in the Company by \$850,938.

On December 8, 2014, the Company and Liberty amended the Note (the "Amended Note"). Liberty agreed to defer the interest payments due on December 31, 2014 and June 30, 2015. The deferred interest was added to the principal amount of the Note and is subject to interest in accordance with the terms of the Amended Note. In consideration of such deferral, Liberty was issued on each deferred interest payment date a number of warrants determined by dividing the interest payable by a dollar amount equal to a 10% premium to the volume weighted average trading price of the Company's common shares on the TSX for the five trading days prior to the applicable interest payment date. The Company issued 1,987,083 warrants to Liberty at a fair value of \$399,974 on December 31, 2014 and 3,254,353 warrants to Liberty at a fair value of \$399,974 on June 30, 2015 (note 13). The Company accounted for the warrants issued as additional transaction costs of the Note which modified the carrying amount of the Note. The effective interest rate of the Amended Note is now 13.3%.

Transactions affecting the debt component of the Amended Note for the three month period ended March 31, 2018 and the year ended December 31, 2017 are summarized as follows:

	\$
<b>Balance – January 1, 2017</b>	<b>21,411,871</b>
Accretion	1,077,422
<b>Balance – December 31, 2017</b>	<b>22,489,293</b>
Accretion	274,011
<b>Balance – March 31, 2018</b>	<b>22,763,304</b>

As of March 31, 2018, the balance of accrued interest payable was \$474,048 (December 31, 2017 - \$nil).

During the three month period ended March 31, 2018, the Company accrued interest in the amount of \$474,048 (2017 - \$474,048) and recorded accretion expense in the amount of \$274,011 (2017 - \$238,320). Interest and accretion expenses related to the Amended Note have been recorded as finance costs in the condensed interim consolidated statements of comprehensive loss.

## Alderon Iron Ore Corp.

Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements  
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(amounts in Canadian dollars, except share/option/warrant/unit data)  
(Unaudited)

### 10 Related party disclosures

Related parties and related party transactions impacting the condensed interim consolidated financial statements are summarized below and include transactions with the following individuals or entities:

#### *Key management personnel*

Key management personnel include those persons having authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the Company as a whole. The Company has determined that key management personnel consists of executive and non-executive members of the Company's Board of Directors, corporate officers, including the Company's Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, as well as any Vice Presidents reporting directly to a Corporate Executive Board member or officer, acting in that capacity.

Remuneration attributed to key management personnel can be summarized as follows:

	Three month period ended March 31, 2018	Three month period ended March 31, 2017
	\$	\$
Share-based and deferred share unit compensation (notes 11 and 14)	570,573	462,637
Short-term benefits*	256,127	281,078
	<b>826,700</b>	<b>743,715</b>

\* include base salaries, pursuant to contractual employment or consultancy arrangements, directors' fees and other non-post-retirement benefits.

#### *Other related parties*

King & Bay West Management Corp. ("King & Bay"): King & Bay is an entity that is owned by the Non-Executive Chairman of the Company's Board of Directors. King & Bay provides certain administrative, management, geological, legal and regulatory, accounting, corporate development, information technology support and corporate communications services to the Company.

Liberty: Liberty was a significant shareholder of the Company and is entitled to a representative on Alderon's Board of Directors. During the years ended December 31, 2014 and 2013, Liberty provided the Company with financing. The Company pays interest related to the Amended Note (note 9). Subsequent to the three month period ended March 31, 2018, Liberty sold 18,797,454 common shares held in the Company to Altius Minerals Corporation. As of April 10, 2018, Liberty is no longer a shareholder of the Company but it continues to hold 5,241,436 warrants which expire on December 31, 2018 (note 13).

HBIS International Holding (Canada) Co., Ltd ("HBIS"): HBIS is a subsidiary of HBIS Group Co., Ltd. (formerly "Hebei Iron & Steel Group Co., Ltd.") ("HBIS Group"), a significant shareholder of the Company and a 25% owner of The Kami LP. HBIS has nominated two individuals who act as officers of Kami GP and provide services to the Company.

GN Consulting Services Inc. ("GN Consulting"): GN Consulting is an entity that is owned by the Executive Vice President of Government & Community Affairs of the Company and provides consulting services to the Company.

## Alderon Iron Ore Corp.

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(Unaudited)

### 10 Related party disclosures (continued)

Transactions entered into with related parties, other than key management personnel and not otherwise disclosed, include the following:

	Three month period ended March 31, 2018	Three month period ended March 31, 2017
	\$	\$
King & Bay	149,749	109,327
HBIS	80,004	80,004
	<u>229,753</u>	<u>189,331</u>

Amounts owed to related parties, not otherwise disclosed, are summarized below.

	As of March 31, 2018	As of December 31, 2017
	\$	\$
HBIS	256,680	256,680
King & Bay	103,374	53,519
GN Consulting	3,824	1,660
	<u>363,878</u>	<u>311,859</u>

The amounts payable to related parties are non-interest bearing, unsecured, and have no fixed terms for payment.

### 11 Deferred share units ("DSUs")

The Company has in place a deferred share unit plan (the "DSU Plan") whereby directors are issued DSUs, which vest immediately and are equivalent in value to a common share upon issuance of the Company. Under the DSU Plan, directors have the option to convert 25, 50, 75 or 100 percent of their annual director fees into DSUs. To support the Company's cash preservation program, the directors agreed to convert 100 percent of their annual director fees into DSUs as of September 30, 2014 and through to March 31, 2016. Effective April 1, 2016, the directors agreed to convert 50 percent of their annual director fees into DSUs. The director fees are converted into DSUs on a quarterly basis by dividing the appropriate percentage of director fees by the five-day volume weighted average price per share at which the common shares traded on the TSX immediately prior to the grant date. DSUs can only be redeemed following departure from the Company in accordance with the terms of the DSU Plan.

The DSU Plan was initially established as a cash-settled award plan. On September 14, 2017, the Company amended the DSU Plan whereby DSUs are to be settled by the payment of cash, the issuance of common shares from treasury, or a combination of both, as determined by the Board of Directors. On the basis that it is the Company's option and intent to settle any DSU redemptions received subsequent to September 14, 2017 by the issuance of common shares from treasury, the DSU Plan is considered an equity-settled award plan effective September 14, 2017.



## Alderon Iron Ore Corp.

Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

March 31, 2018

(amounts in Canadian dollars, except share/option/warrant/unit data)

(Unaudited)

### 11 Deferred share units ("DSUs") (continued)

As of September 14, 2017, the Company had 3,894,571 DSUs outstanding of which the Company had received redemption notices for 1,008,912 DSUs prior to the effective date of amendment. As a result of the amendment, 2,885,659 DSUs were considered equity-settled awards and \$793,556 was reclassified from deferred share unit liability to other capital within equity.

During the three month period ended March 31, 2018, no DSUs were redeemed.

During the year ended December 31, 2017, two former directors of the Company redeemed 1,008,912 DSUs of which 504,456 DSUs were settled in common shares issued from treasury on September 26, 2017 and 504,456 DSUs were settled in cash in the amount of \$139,785 on October 2, 2017. Cash payments totaled \$144,913 and included the redemption amount of \$139,785 and related source deductions of \$5,128.

A summary of the activity related to the Company's DSUs is provided below.

	<u>Number</u>
<b>Balance – January 1, 2017</b>	<b>3,795,986</b>
Granted	262,879
Redeemed	<u>(1,008,912)</u>
<b>Balance – December 31, 2017</b>	<b>3,049,953</b>
Granted	<u>79,852</u>
<b>Balance – March 31, 2018</b>	<b><u>3,129,805</u></b>

During the three month period ended March 31, 2018, the Company recorded compensation costs related to equity-settled DSUs in the amount of \$20,562 (2017 - \$nil), which were classified as share-based compensation costs within general and administration expenses.

During the three month period ended March 31, 2018, the Company recorded compensation costs related to cash-settled DSUs in the amount of \$nil (2017 - \$415,702), which were classified as deferred share unit compensation within general and administration expenses.

### 12 Share capital

The Company has authorized for issue an unlimited number of common shares (being voting and participating shares) without par value, and all shares issued and outstanding as of March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017 are fully paid. Pursuant to the Company's articles of incorporation (the "Articles"), the Company may by following the procedures set out in the Articles and the *Business Corporations Act* (British Columbia) (the "Act"): create one or more classes or series of shares, with rights and restrictions specific to each class; subdivide or consolidate all or any of its unissued or fully paid issued shares; alter the identifying name of any of its shares; or otherwise alter its shares or authorized share structure when required or permitted to do so by the Act.

## Alderon Iron Ore Corp.

Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements  
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### 12 Share capital (continued)

The Company issued the following common shares during the three month period ended March 31, 2018:

On February 15, 2018, the Company issued 833,333 common shares to an executive as a part of his compensation package. The common shares had a fair value of \$241,666 of which \$200,000 was included in payables and accrued liabilities as of December 31, 2017 (note 17). The common shares are subject to a vesting condition that requires shareholders to approve the issuance.

The Company issued the following common shares during the year ended December 31, 2017:

On September 26, 2017, the Company issued 504,456 common shares valued at \$139,785 upon the redemption of 504,456 DSUs by former directors of the Company (note 11).

### 13 Warrants

There were no warrants issued during the three month period ended March 31, 2018 or the year ended December 31, 2017.

Warrants outstanding as of March 31, 2018 are summarized below.

<u>Exercise price (\$)</u>	<u>Expiry date</u>	<u>Remaining expected life (years)</u>	<u>Number of warrants outstanding</u>
0.2790	December 31, 2018	0.75	3,254,353
0.4465	December 31, 2018	0.75	1,987,083
			<u>5,241,436</u>

### 14 Stock options

The Company operates an equity-settled share-based compensation plan under which the Company receives services from employees as consideration for equity instruments of the Company. The related stock option plan (the "Plan") follows applicable stock exchange policies regarding stock option awards granted to employees, directors and consultants.

The Plan allows for a fixed maximum number of shares equal to 16,500,000 to be reserved for issuance under the Plan. Options granted under the Plan have a maximum term of ten years. The vesting terms are at the discretion of the Company's Board of Directors.

## Alderon Iron Ore Corp.

Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements  
March 31, 2018

(amounts in Canadian dollars, except share/option/warrant/unit data)  
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### 14 Stock options (continued)

The following table summarizes the activity under the Company's stock option plan.

	Number	Weighted average exercise price \$
Balance – January 1, 2017	4,630,000	0.77
Granted	780,000	0.40
Expired	(950,000)	2.01
Forfeited	(300,000)	0.15
Balance – December 31, 2017	4,160,000	0.47
Granted	2,675,000	0.31
Expired	(150,000)	1.87
Balance – March 31, 2018	<b>6,685,000</b>	<b>0.37</b>

Options outstanding as of March 31, 2018 are summarized below.

Exercise price (\$)	Expiry date	Remaining expected life (years)	Number of stock options outstanding	Number of stock options exercisable
1.55	December 11, 2018	0.70	50,000	50,000
1.48	May 29, 2019	1.16	600,000	600,000
0.15	September 7, 2021	3.44	2,580,000	2,580,000
0.53	January 23, 2022	3.82	180,000	180,000
0.43	March 30, 2022	3.99	100,000	100,000
0.34	April 27, 2022	4.07	350,000	350,000
0.35	June 7, 2022	4.19	150,000	150,000
0.31	January 23, 2023	4.82	2,675,000	2,675,000
			<b>6,685,000</b>	<b>6,685,000</b>

During the three month period ended March 31, 2018, the Company recorded share-based compensation with respect to stock options in the amount of \$722,040 (2017 - \$58,807) which was recorded in operating expenses in the condensed interim consolidated statements of comprehensive loss.

## Alderon Iron Ore Corp.

Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

March 31, 2018

(amounts in Canadian dollars, except share/option/warrant/unit data)

(Unaudited)

### 14 Stock options (continued)

The Company settles stock options exercised through the issuance of common shares from treasury.

#### *Fair value input assumptions*

The table below shows the assumptions, or weighted average parameters, applied to the Black-Scholes Option Pricing Model in order to determine share-based compensation costs over the life of the awards for options granted during each of the periods presented.

	Three month period ended March 31, 2018	Three month period ended March 31, 2017
Expected dividend yield	0.00%	0.00%
Estimated volatility	99.97%	92.55%
Weighted average risk-free annual interest rate	2.02%	1.08%
Weighted average expected life (years)	5.00	5.00
Grant date fair value	\$0.23	\$0.38

### 15 Net loss per share

For the three month periods ended March 31, 2018 and 2017, diluted net loss per share was calculated based on the net loss and comprehensive loss attributable to owners of the parent using the basic weighted average number of shares outstanding, since all outstanding conversion options, warrants, deferred share units and stock options have been excluded from the calculation of diluted net loss per share because they were anti-dilutive. Accordingly, diluted net loss per share for each period was the same as the basic net loss per share.

## Alderon Iron Ore Corp.

Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements  
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### 16 Operating expenses

General and administrative expenses for the three month periods ended March 31, 2018 and 2017 are summarized below.

	Three month period ended March 31, 2018	Three month period ended March 31, 2017
	\$	\$
Share-based compensation (notes 11 and 14)	742,602	58,807
Consulting, professional and legal fees	281,249	374,744
Investor relations	83,809	45,300
Salaries and benefits	62,466	-
Rent and facilities	41,617	36,600
Office and administration	35,507	74,259
Director fees	21,544	17,157
Regulatory	16,179	13,116
Travel	14,643	3,076
Depreciation (note 6)	84	-
Deferred share unit compensation (note 11)	-	415,702
	<u>1,299,700</u>	<u>1,038,761</u>

Project maintenance expenses for the three month periods ended March 31, 2018 and 2017 are summarized below.

	Three month period ended March 31, 2018	Three month period ended March 31, 2017
	\$	\$
Rent and facilities	98,987	106,069
Professional services and consulting	84,228	224,146
Other costs	2,317	1,999
	<u>185,532</u>	<u>332,214</u>

## Alderon Iron Ore Corp.

Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements  
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### 17 Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information

	Three month period ended March 31, 2018	Three month period ended March 31, 2017
	\$	\$
<b>Changes in operating assets and liabilities</b>		
Receivables	(808)	150,080
Prepaid expenses	(60,577)	(73,790)
Payables and accrued liabilities	114,653	(152,683)
Due to related parties	52,019	9,638
	<u>105,287</u>	<u>(66,755)</u>

Non-cash transactions affecting cash flows from investing or financing activities during the three month period ended March 31, 2018 are summarized below:

The Company issued 833,333 common shares to an executive as a part of his compensation package (note 12). The common shares had a fair value of \$241,666 of which \$200,000 was included in payables and accrued liabilities as of December 31, 2017. The additional expense in the amount of \$41,666 is included in general and administrative expenses in the condensed interim consolidated statements of comprehensive loss.

Additions to property, plant and equipment in the amount of \$3,019 are included in payables and accrued liabilities as at March 31, 2018 (note 6).

There were no non-cash transactions affecting cash flows from investing or financing activities during the three month period ended March 31, 2017.

### 18 Capital disclosures

The Company's objective in managing capital, consisting of equity, with cash being its primary component, is to ensure sufficient liquidity to fund: development and other Kami Project activities; general and administrative expenses; working capital; and capital expenditures.

Management regularly monitors the Company's capital structure and makes adjustments thereto based on funds available to the Company for the acquisition, exploration and development of mineral properties. The Board of Directors has not established quantitative return on capital criteria for capital management, but rather relies upon the expertise of the management team to sustain the future development of the business.

The properties in which the Company currently has an interest are in the development stage, and the Company does not generate any revenue. Accordingly, the Company is dependent upon sources of external financing to fund both the Kami Project and its other costs. While the Company endeavours to minimize dilution to its shareholders, management has in the past engaged in dilutive financial transactions, such as private placements, and may engage in dilutive arrangements in the future.

## Alderon Iron Ore Corp.

Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

March 31, 2018

(amounts in Canadian dollars, except share/option/warrant/unit data)

(Unaudited)

### 18 Capital disclosures (continued)

The Company's policy on dividends is to retain cash to keep funds available to finance the activities required to advance the Company's Kami Project. Although the Company is not subject to any capital requirements imposed by any regulators or by any other external source, Alderon has provided commitments to HBIS Group with respect to the use of the \$119,926,293 (the "Initial Investment") in proceeds that HBIS Group provided in exchange for a 25% interest in The Kami LP during the year ended December 31, 2013.

As at March 31, 2018, \$12,461,009 of cash and \$1,001,249 in short-term investments are held by The Kami LP. Under the terms of the agreements with HBIS Group, Alderon has agreed that the proceeds from the Initial Investment would be used solely for Kami Project related expenditures. As a result, Alderon is restricted from transferring this cash from The Kami LP to Alderon, with the exception of sales tax transactions on accrued intercompany management fees. During the year ended December 31, 2017, The Kami LP and Newfoundland and Labrador Hydro executed a settlement agreement with respect to the return of a security deposit (note 9). The net funds received as a result of the settlement agreement are not attributable to the Initial Investment and have no such restrictions. However, the Company will need to obtain additional financing in the future (note 1).

### 19 Financial instruments

The carrying values of the Company's cash and cash equivalents, short-term investments, receivables, payables and accrued liabilities, amounts due to related parties and interest payable to a related party approximate their fair values due to their short-term maturities or to the prevailing interest rates of the related instruments, which are comparable to those of the market. The determination of fair value of the convertible debt is based on a discounted cash flow model using the current market interest rate that the Company could have obtained for a similar secured loan without a conversion option.

The fair values of the Company's financial assets and liabilities, together with the carrying values included in the condensed interim consolidated statements of financial position, as of March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017 are presented below. In the following tables, receivables exclude sales and other tax credits.

#### As of March 31, 2018

	Carrying value	Fair value
	\$	\$
<b>Financial assets</b>		
Cash and cash equivalents	13,888,952	13,888,952
Short-term investments	1,001,249	1,001,249
Receivables (note 3)	1,150	1,150
<b>Financial liabilities</b>		
Payables and accrued liabilities (note 8)	(9,420,603)	(9,420,603)
Due to related parties (note 10)	(363,878)	(363,878)
Interest payable on convertible debt (note 9)	(474,048)	(474,048)
Convertible debt (note 9)	(22,763,304)	(22,739,166)
	<u>(18,130,482)</u>	<u>(18,106,344)</u>

## Alderon Iron Ore Corp.

Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements  
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(amounts in Canadian dollars, except share/option/warrant/unit data)  
(Unaudited)

### 19 Financial instruments (continued)

As of December 31, 2017	Carrying value	Fair value
	\$	\$
<b>Financial assets</b>		
Cash and cash equivalents	14,840,135	14,840,135
Short-term investments	990,551	990,551
Receivables (note 3)	8,617	8,617
<b>Financial liabilities</b>		
Payables and accrued liabilities (note 8)	(9,502,931)	(9,502,931)
Due to related parties (note 10)	(311,859)	(311,859)
Convertible debt (note 9)	(22,489,293)	(21,845,571)
	<u>(16,464,780)</u>	<u>(15,821,058)</u>

### 20 Commitments and contingencies

The Company has the following commitments with respect to an operating lease:

	For the years ending December 31,				Total
	2018	2019	2020	2021	
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Rent	45,000	60,000	60,000	40,000	205,000

The Company has negotiated contracts with suppliers in relation to the purchase of equipment. As at March 31, 2018, payments of \$30,332,000 remain to be paid on the equipment for contracts entered into and approximately \$30,150,000 of this amount is contingent on confirmation by the Company of future fabrication of this equipment.

In connection with the 2010 purchase from Altius Minerals Corporation ("Altius") of the Kami Property, Alderon committed to paying Altius a 3% gross royalty on iron ore concentrate that is generated from the Kami Project.

In connection with the 2012 subscription transaction and the Initial Investment into the Kami Project, HBIS Group agreed to purchase, upon the commencement of commercial production, 60% of the actual annual production from the Kami Project up to a maximum of 4,000,000 tonnes of the first 8,000,000 tonnes of iron ore concentrate produced annually at the Kami Project. The price paid by HBIS Group will be based on the Platts Iron Ore Index ("Platts Price"), including additional quoted premium for iron content greater than 62%, less a discount equal to 5% of such quoted price. HBIS Group also will have the option to purchase additional tonnages at a price equal to the Platts Price, without any such discount.

On January 21, 2014, the Company entered into an agreement (the "Agreement") with the Town of Labrador City ("Labrador City") with respect to the development of the Kami Project (as amended on October 21, 2016). Under the terms of the Agreement, the Company will pay to Labrador City an annual grant based on the Kami Project mining operations that will be located in the Municipal Planning Area of Labrador City. The Company will not be required to pay municipal or other taxes except with respect to such assets and business of the Company, as may be located from time to time within the town boundaries of Labrador City.



## Alderon Iron Ore Corp.

Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

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(amounts in Canadian dollars, except share/option/warrant/unit data)

(Unaudited)

### 20 Commitments and contingencies (continued)

On January 21, 2014, the Company and the Innu Nation entered into an Impact and Benefits Agreement ("IBA") with respect to carrying out the Kami Project. The IBA provides for participation in the Kami Project on the part of the Innu Nation in the form of training, jobs and contract opportunities, along with providing their community with financial and socio-economic benefits over the life of the mine. The IBA also contains provisions which recognize and support the culture, traditions and values of the Innu Nation.

On March 25, 2014, the Company signed a Grant-in-lieu of Municipal Taxes Agreement (the "Wabush Agreement") with the Town of Wabush ("Wabush") with respect to the development of the Kami Project. Under the terms of the Wabush Agreement, the Company will pay to Wabush an annual grant-in-lieu of municipal taxes on the Kami Project mining operations. Payments under the Wabush Agreement will commence after initial production occurs at the Kami Project. As long as the Company makes the payments required under the Wabush Agreement, Wabush will not seek to charge or assess the Company for any municipal taxes in relation to the Kami Project or the business carried on by the Company on the Kami Project.

On May 27, 2014, Alderon signed a benefits agreement with the Province of Newfoundland and Labrador (the "Provincial Agreement"). The Provincial Agreement covers the life of the Kami Project and sets out employment, procurement and training benefits. Under the terms of the Provincial Agreement, Alderon has committed to provide full and fair opportunity and first consideration for provincial residents and suppliers. The Company has also agreed to establish an education and training fund commencing after the Kami Project achieves commercial production.

On June 30, 2014, the Company announced the completion of the required engineering work in order to commence construction at the Kami Project. The commencement of construction remains subject to the completion of the Company's financing plan and project sanction by the Board of Directors of Alderon. As such, Alderon has temporarily suspended any further work by its EPCM contractor. It is likely that the temporary suspension of the EPCM contractor will result in certain demobilization costs to be incurred and charged to the Company in accordance with the terms of the EPCM contract. The actual amount to be incurred is a function of the duration of delay, actual costs incurred and commitments entered into by the EPCM contractor, and adjustments to the estimate will be recorded in future periods as necessary.

On July 29, 2014, the Company entered into an off-take agreement (the "Glencore Agreement") with a subsidiary of Glencore plc ("Glencore"), with respect to an off-take transaction pursuant to which Glencore will acquire all of actual annual production from the Kami Project that has not been allocated to HBIS Group. Under the terms of the Glencore Agreement, Glencore will be obligated to purchase upon the commencement of commercial production, 40% of the actual annual production from the Kami Project up to a maximum of 3,200,000 tonnes of the first 8,000,000 tonnes of iron ore concentrate produced annually at the Kami Project. The term of the Glencore Agreement will continue until the Company has delivered 48,000,000 tonnes of iron ore concentrate to Glencore, which is expected to be 15 years after the commencement of commercial production. The market price paid by Glencore will be based on the Platts Price, including additional quoted premium for iron content greater than 62%, less a discount equal to 2% of such quoted price.

### 21 Subsequent event

The following event occurred subsequent to the three month period ended March 31, 2018:

On April 2, 2018, the Company granted 300,000 stock options with an exercise price of \$0.26 and term of five years.



(A Development-Stage Company)  
Management's Discussion and Analysis  
For the three month period ended March 31, 2018

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## Introduction

This Management's Discussion and Analysis ("MD&A") provides a review of the financial performance, financial condition and cash flows of Alderon Iron Ore Corp. for the three month period ended March 31, 2018. In this MD&A, "Alderon", the "Company", "we", "us" or "our" mean Alderon Iron Ore Corp. and its subsidiaries and affiliates. This MD&A should be read in conjunction with the Company's annual consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2017 and is intended to supplement and complement the unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements and notes thereto for the three month period ended March 31, 2018 (collectively, the "Financial Statements"). This MD&A is prepared as of May 9, 2018.

The Company has prepared this MD&A with reference to National Instrument 51-102 "Continuous Disclosure Obligations" of the Canadian Securities Administrators.

All dollar amounts in this MD&A are presented in Canadian dollars (which is the Company's presentation and functional currency), except where otherwise indicated.

## Responsibility of financial reports

Management is responsible for the preparation and integrity of financial reports, as well as for the maintenance of appropriate information systems, procedures and internal controls and for ensuring that information used internally or disclosed externally, including our Financial Statements and MD&A, is complete and reliable. The Company's Board of Directors follows recommended corporate governance guidelines for public companies to ensure transparency and accountability to shareholders. Our Board of Directors' Audit Committee meets with management quarterly to review the Financial Statements and the MD&A and to discuss other financial, operating and internal control matters.

The condensed interim consolidated financial statements of the Company have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS"), as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB"), applicable to the preparation of interim financial statements, including International Accounting Standard ("IAS") 34, Interim Financial Reporting ("IAS 34"). Consequently, all comparative financial information presented in this MD&A reflects the consistent application of IFRS.

## Forward-looking information

This MD&A contains "forward-looking information" within the meaning of the U.S. Private Securities Litigation Reform Act and applicable Canadian securities laws concerning anticipated developments and events that may occur in the future. Forward looking information contained in this MD&A includes, but is not limited to, statements with respect to: (i) permitting time lines; (ii) the sufficiency of working capital; (iii) requirements for additional capital; (iv) development, construction and production timelines and estimates; (v) the timing of long lead equipment items; (vi) the supply of power for the Kami Project; (vii) forecasts for future expenditures; (viii) the Company's financing strategy for the development of the Kami Project, including a senior debt facility; (ix) the results of the Updated PEA including statements about mineral resources, estimated future production, future operating and capital costs, the projected internal rate of return ("IRR"), net present value ("NPV"), payback period, construction timelines and production timelines for the Kami Project; and (x) the statements in the "Outlook" section of this MD&A, including,

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the successful completion of a senior debt facility and other financing for the construction of the Kami Project, and the expected timeline for the commencement of construction and its duration.

In certain cases, forward-looking information can be identified by the use of words such as "plans", "expects" or "does not expect", "is expected", "budget", "scheduled", "estimates", "forecasts", "intends", "anticipates" or "does not anticipate", or "believes", or variations of such words and phrases or state that certain actions, events or results "may", "could", "would", "might" or "will be taken", "occur" or "be achieved" suggesting future outcomes, or other expectations, beliefs, plans, objectives, assumptions, intentions or statements about future events or performance. Forward-looking information contained in this MD&A is based on certain factors and assumptions regarding, among other things, the estimation of mineral resources, the realization of resource estimates, iron ore and other metal prices, the timing and amount of future exploration and development expenditures, the estimation of initial and sustaining capital requirements, the estimation of labour and operating costs, the availability of necessary financing and materials to continue to explore and develop the Kami Property (as defined below) in the short and long-term, the progress of exploration and development activities, the receipt of necessary regulatory approvals, the estimation of insurance coverage, and assumptions with respect to currency fluctuations, environmental risks, title disputes or claims, and other similar matters. While the Company considers these assumptions to be reasonable based on information currently available to it, these assumptions may prove to be incorrect.

Forward looking information involves known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors which may cause the actual results, performance or achievements of the Company to be materially different from any future results, performance or achievements expressed or implied by the forward-looking information including, without limitation, the following risks and uncertainties referred to under the heading "Risk Factors" in the Company's Annual Information Form ("Annual Report") for the year ended December 31, 2017:

- risks relating to the fact that the Company depends on a single mineral project;
- risks inherent in the exploration and development of mineral deposits, including risks relating to changes in project parameters as plans continue to be redefined including the possibility that mining operations may not commence at the Kami Property;
- risks relating to variations in mineral resources, grade or recovery rates resulting from current exploration and development activities;
- risks related to fluctuations in the price of iron ore as the Company's future revenues, if any, are expected to be derived from the sale of iron ore;
- risks related to a reduction in worldwide and specifically Chinese demand for iron ore which could result in lower prices and demand for iron ore;
- financing, capitalization and liquidity risks, including the risk that the financing necessary to fund the development and construction activities at the Kami Property may not be available on satisfactory terms, or at all;
- the Company has no history of mining operations and no revenues from operations and expects to incur losses for the foreseeable future;
- risks related to the Company relying on two customers for 100% of its expected iron ore concentrate production;
- risks related to the Company obtaining various permits required to conduct its current and anticipated future operations;
- risks related to unresolved land claims by various aboriginal groups;
- risks related to disputes concerning property titles and interest;
- risks relating to the ability to access rail transportation, sources of power and port facilities;

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- the Company is dependent on the support and cooperation of HBIS Group Co., Ltd. (formerly "Hebei Iron & Steel Group Co. Ltd") ("HBIS Group"), its partner to develop the Kami Property;
- operational risks inherent in the conduct of mining activities, including the risk of accidents, labour disputes, increases in capital and operating costs and the risk of delays or increased costs that might be encountered during the development process;
- risks related to the significant governmental regulation that the Company is subject to;
- environmental risks;
- climate change risks;
- risks associated with efforts to control or reduce greenhouse gas emissions;
- reliance on key personnel;
- risks related to increased competition in the market for iron ore and related products and in the mining industry generally;
- cybersecurity risks;
- risks related to potential conflicts interests among the Company's directors and officers;
- the absence of dividends;
- risks related to current global financial conditions;
- land reclamation requirements may be burdensome;
- risks associated with the acquisition of any new properties;
- uncertainties inherent in the estimation of mineral resources;
- the Company may become subject to legal proceedings; and
- risks relating to the Company's common shares.

Although the Company has attempted to identify important factors that could cause actual actions, events or results to differ materially from those described in forward-looking information, there may be other factors that cause actions, events or results not to be as anticipated, estimated or intended. There can be no assurance that forward-looking information will prove to be accurate, as actual results and future events could differ materially from those anticipated in such information. Accordingly, readers should not place undue reliance on forward-looking information. The forward-looking information is made as of the date of this MD&A.

Readers are cautioned that the foregoing lists of factors are not exhaustive. The forward-looking information contained in this MD&A is expressly qualified by this cautionary statement. Except as required by applicable securities laws, the Company does not undertake any obligation to publicly update or revise any forward-looking information, and readers should also carefully consider the matters discussed under the heading, "Risk Factors", in this MD&A and in the Annual Report.

### **Description of business and overview**

Alderon is a development-stage company conducting iron ore evaluation activities related entirely to its Canadian properties located in western Labrador in the province of Newfoundland and Labrador. Those properties are collectively referred to as the Kamistatusset, or "Kami", Property. All activities associated with the Kami Property are referred to as the Kami Project.

The Company's common shares are listed on the Toronto Stock Exchange ("TSX"), under the symbol "IRON".

## The Kami Project

Alderon is focused on developing its core asset, the Kami Property of which it owns 75%, located next to the mining towns of Wabush and Labrador City in western Labrador, Canada. The Kami Property is surrounded by two producing mines and is within close proximity to a common carrier railway that is connected to deep sea ports with year-round access to the global market. The Company's goal is to develop the Kami Property into a profitable mining operation and to become a producer of low-cost iron concentrate by taking advantage of the Kami Property's strategic location and of the readily available regional infrastructure.

Technical information disclosed in this MD&A is from the National Instrument ("NI") 43-101 Technical Report entitled "*Update to the Re-scoped Preliminary Economic Assessment of the Kamistatusset (Kami) Iron Ore Property, Labrador for Alderon Iron Ore Corp.*", dated effective November 7, 2017 (the "Technical Report" or the "Updated PEA") and filed on SEDAR ([www.sedar.com](http://www.sedar.com)) on November 20, 2017. The Technical Report was prepared under the supervision of Mr. Angelo Grandillo, P.Eng, of BBA, a Qualified Person as defined by NI 43-101, with contributions from Gemtec Limited ("Gemtec") and Watts, Griffis and McOuat Limited ("WGM"). Mr. Grandillo is a Qualified Person as defined by NI 43-101 and Mr. Grandillo is independent of Alderon. Mr. Grandillo has reviewed and approved the technical information contained in this MD&A, with the exception of the mineral resource estimate. Mr. Michael Kociumbas, P.Geo. with independent firm, WGM, is a Qualified Persons as defined by NI 43-101 and is responsible for reviewing and approving the mineral resource estimate and the QA/QC associated with the mineral resource estimate. Mr. Kociumbas is independent of Alderon. The Updated PEA is based on 100% ownership of the Kami Project. The Kami Project is held through The Kami Mine Limited Partnership ("Kami LP"), as to 75% by Alderon and 25% by HBIS Group.

The Company has engaged BBA to prepare an updated feasibility study on the Rose Deposit of the Kami Property (the "Updated FS"). The Updated FS will underpin the Company's renewed focus on project financing and build on the previous feasibility study dated December 17, 2012 (the "2012 Feasibility Study"), the Updated PEA, and detailed engineering carried out between 2013 and 2015. The flowsheet and product characteristics will remain unchanged and focus will be on tailings management facility, market analysis, capital and operating expenditures and updated reserve estimates.

Given the advanced state of the detailed engineering and recent studies, the Company expects to release the results of the Updated FS and file a technical report prepared in accordance with NI 43-101 in the fourth quarter of fiscal 2018. For additional detail, please refer to the Company's news release dated April 26, 2018 filed on SEDAR ([www.sedar.com](http://www.sedar.com)).

### *Project re-scoping*

In March 2017, the Company published a re-scoped preliminary economic assessment (the "March 2017 PEA") that was prepared as a result of a re-scoping exercise of the capital and operating costs of the Kami Project. The March 2017 PEA was prepared based on a plan to use the depleted pit at the Wabush Scully Mine as part of a tailings solution for the Kami Project. The Wabush Scully Mine was subsequently acquired by a third party who has stated its intention to re-open the mine. As a result, the Company prepared the Updated PEA that removes the components related to the Wabush Scully Mine.

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Highlights of the Updated PEA include:

NPV at 8% discount rate (pre-tax)	US\$	1,781 M
NPV at 8% discount rate (post-tax)	US\$	941 M
IRR (pre-tax)		25.7%
IRR (post-tax)		19.3%
Total Estimated Capital Cost (excluding sustaining capital)	US\$	999.4 M
Average Estimated Operating Costs (loaded in ship Port of Sept-Îles)	US\$/dmt	29.94
CFR Concentrate Sales Price Forecast - based on three year trailing average CFR benchmark price of \$62.40/T @ 62% iron adjusted for Kami Fe grade, and HBIS Group and Glencore agreement terms	US\$/dmt	CFR 86.23 (FOB 72.23)
Estimated Mine Life		24 years
Final Product Iron Grade (%Fe)		65.2%
Measured and Indicated Resource of the Rose Deposit (COG=15%, 29.6% Total Iron)		1093.2 Mt
In-pit Resources (COG=15%, 28.6% Total Iron, 3.8% Dilution, 2.8% Loss)		536.8 Mt
Annual Production Rate (average life of mine, post ramp-up year)		7.8 Mtpa
Construction Period (incl. pre-operational verification and handover to operations)		29 months
Projected Years to Payback		3.7

\* Measured: 536.9 Mt @ 29.9% TFe, Indicated: 737.6 Mt @ 29.5% TFe

Based on a production rate of 7.8 million tonnes per year of iron ore concentrate at a grade of 65.2% iron, the Updated PEA shows a pre-tax net present value of US\$1,781 million at a cash flow discount rate of 8%. The pre-tax internal rate of return for the project is 25.7%. The level of accuracy of the Updated PEA is considered to be +/- 30% and an exchange rate of CAD\$1.00 = US\$0.77 was used.

On a post-tax basis, the Updated PEA shows a NPV of US\$941 million at a cash flow discount rate of 8%. The post-tax IRR for the project is 19.3% and the payback period is 4.5 years. The post-tax analysis is based on a number of assumptions detailed in the Technical Report.

Prior to construction commencing, the Company will have to complete a feasibility study for the re-scoped project, re-assemble the owner's team, award an EPCM/EPC contract, resume detailed engineering, and have construction financing in place. This process could take several months to complete once it is commenced.

For additional information on the Updated PEA results, please refer to the Technical Report filed on SEDAR ([www.sedar.com](http://www.sedar.com)).

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*Cumulative project costs*

From January 1, 2010, through to March 31, 2018, the Company has incurred a cumulative total of \$162.7 million related to the Kami Project. These costs include \$65.5 million of exploration and evaluation expenditures and \$8.4 million in project maintenance expenditures which have been accounted for as expenses in the consolidated statements of comprehensive loss and \$88.8 million in development costs which have been accounted for as additions to mineral properties in the consolidated statement of financial position. The nature of the project maintenance expenses is detailed in "Results of operations – Project maintenance expenses".

**Corporate activities**

*Strategic investment from HBIS Group (the "Strategic Investment")*

On March 15, 2013, HBIS Group and Alderon completed the Strategic Investment in which HBIS Group contributed \$119.9 million (the "Initial Investment") into The Kami Mine Limited Partnership ("The Kami LP") for 25% interest in the Kami Project and Alderon contributed the Kami Property and its related assets into The Kami LP for 75% interest in the Kami Project. Alderon and HBIS Group are required to contribute to capital expenditures for the development of the Kami Project not covered by initial capital contributions and project debt financing, in accordance with their respective interests. However, HBIS Group's further contributions to The Kami LP will depend upon the amount of aggregate proceeds received as project debt financing and will not exceed \$220.0 million.

*Engineering Procurement and Construction Management ("EPCM") services agreement*

A formal, comprehensive EPCM services agreement (the "EPCM Agreement") with WorleyParsons Canada Services Ltd. ("WorleyParsons") was executed effective April 30, 2013. On June 30, 2014, the Company announced that it had completed the required pre-construction engineering on the Kami Project and as such has temporarily suspended any further work by WorleyParsons. Alderon's internal project team took over the management of all works in progress to continue advancing the Kami Project in preparation for the start of construction, once the Company's financing plan (as discussed below) is concluded. As a result of the temporary suspension of WorleyParsons, certain demobilization costs were incurred in accordance with the terms of the EPCM Agreement. As of March 31, 2018, the Company has accrued \$3.3 million in demobilization costs.

*Debt financing*

Alderon is pursuing a financing strategy for the Kami Project based on a combination of a senior debt facility, other debt options, equipment financing, and equity. In order to provide flexibility and maximize its financing options, Alderon intends to pursue a senior debt facility and its other debt and equity options in parallel. There can be no assurance that the Company will successfully conclude a senior debt facility or any of its financing plan.

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*Convertible debt*

On February 24, 2014, Liberty Metals & Mining Holdings, LLC ("Liberty") provided a loan (the "Liberty Note") to The Kami LP in the amount of \$22.0 million. \$21.0 million of the gross proceeds of the Liberty Note was used to fund a security agreement entered into with Newfoundland and Labrador Hydro ("NLH") which was terminated during the year ending December 31, 2017. The remaining \$1,000,000 was used for working capital purposes, including for the payment of the establishment fee and transaction costs. Commencing 12 months after the issuance of the Liberty Note, the principal amount of the Liberty Note and any accrued but unpaid interest, became convertible at Liberty's option into the Company's common shares at a conversion price equal to \$2.376 per common share. The Liberty Note is secured with a mortgage over the Kami Project and bears interest at a rate of 8% per annum, payable on June 30th and December 31st of each year. The Company has the option to prepay the entire balance of the Liberty Note at a premium of a 20% internal rate of return to Liberty. The maturity date of the Liberty Note is December 31, 2018.

On December 8, 2014, Alderon and Liberty amended the Liberty Note (the "Amended Note"). Liberty agreed to defer the payments of the interest due on December 31, 2014 and June 30, 2015. The deferred interest was added to the principal amount of the Liberty Note and is subject to interest in accordance with the terms of the Amended Note. In consideration of such deferral, Liberty was issued on each deferred interest payment date a number of warrants determined by dividing the interest payable by a dollar amount equal to a 10% premium to the volume weighted average trading price of the Company's common shares on the TSX for the five trading days prior to the applicable interest payment date. The Company issued to Liberty 1,987,083 warrants with an exercise price of \$0.4465 on December 31, 2014 and 3,254,353 warrants with an exercise price of \$0.279 on June 30, 2015.

During the three month period ended March 31, 2018, the Company accrued interest in the amount of \$474,048 (2017 - \$474,048) and recorded non-cash accretion expense in the amount of \$274,011 (2017 - \$238,320).

On December 31, 2018, the principal balance of the Amended Note in the amount of \$23,702,393 becomes due. The Company is actively engaged in securing replacement financing; however, there is no assurance that replacement financing of sufficient amounts or on terms acceptable to the Company will be available.

*Cash conservation program*

On December 9, 2014, the Company announced a cash conservation program (the "Program") designed to allow it to maintain sufficient liquidity during the advancement of its financing plan. The Program included an interest deferral agreement with Liberty, voluntary partial payment deferrals with equipment vendors for work completed to date, workforce reductions and the implementation of the DSU Plan (as defined below) with respect to director fees as discussed in "Consolidated statements of financial position information – Equity attributable to owners of the parent".



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### *Amended Port Agreement*

On July 13, 2012, the Company entered into an agreement with the Sept-Îles Port Authority (the "Port") to secure usage of a new multi-user deep water dock facility that the Port was constructing (the "Port Agreement"). The initial commitment paid by the Company was \$20,465,016 (the "Buy-in Payment"), which constitutes an advance on Alderon's future shipping fees. The Buy-in Payment will be reimbursed to the Company via a discount that will be applied to shipping fees to be billed by the Port once Alderon's usage of the multi-user facility commences. Once the new multi-user dock facility is operational, the Company has a take or pay obligation based on a discounted rate applied on 50% of the 8,000,000 tonnes minimum annual shipping capacity and is payable even if Alderon does not use the facilities.

On December 18, 2017, the Company executed an amended agreement with the Port as a result of the multi-user facility becoming operational (the "Amended Port Agreement"). Pursuant to the Amended Port Agreement, effective February 1, 2018 and until the Company starts shipping iron ore, the take or pay obligation is reduced from \$296,667 per month (based on 8,000,000 tonnes shipping capacity) to \$74,167 per month, payable on a quarterly basis. All amounts paid in cash are added to the Buy-in Payment balance total. Alternatively, the Company may offset the full take or pay obligation of \$296,667 per month against the Buy-in Payment balance on a quarterly basis. The take or pay obligation amount is based on shipping fee rates which are adjusted on January 1 of each year based on the Canada All-Items Consumer Price Index (the "CPI").

During the year ended December 31, 2017, the Company recorded an impairment loss with respect to the Buy-in Payment in the amount of \$20,465,016 as a result of executing the Amended Port Agreement and the Company's intention to offset the take or pay obligation against the Buy-in Payment, effectively reducing its carrying value of the long-term advance to \$nil.

During the three month period ended March 31, 2018, the Company satisfied its take or pay obligation by offsetting the amounts against the Buy-in Payment.

### **Outlook**

The delay in the completion of financing led to the Company implementing the Program which will allow it to maintain sufficient liquidity while it continues to advance its financing plan.

In November 2017 the Company received and released the results of the Updated PEA on the Rose Deposit of the Kami Project which demonstrates significant reduction in initial and sustaining capital costs as well as operating costs. The Company plans to release the results of the Updated FS and file a technical report prepared in accordance with NI 43-101 in the fourth quarter of fiscal 2018. For additional detail of technical reports, please refer to "Kami Project" above. The Company will use the results of the re-scoping process and the Updated FS to further its goal of completing its financing plan. As discussed above, the overall project financing strategy likely will take the form of a combination of debt and equity instruments.

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As previously disclosed, Alderon intends to commence construction of the Kami Project when the Company's financing plan is successfully completed, including the closing of a senior debt facility. In addition, prior to construction commencing the Company will have to complete the Updated FS (discussed above), secure access to the proposed infrastructure integrations in the Updated PEA, re-assemble the owner's team, award an EPCM/EPC contract and resume detailed engineering. This process could take several months to complete once it is commenced. Once construction does commence, it is expected to take 29 months for completion, including pre-operational verifications, hot commissioning and handover to mine operations team.

### Results of operations

	Three month period ended March 31, 2018 \$	Three month period ended March 31, 2017 \$
<b>Operating expenses</b>		
General and administrative expenses	1,299,700	1,038,761
Project maintenance expenses	185,532	332,214
Foreign exchange loss (gain)	136,792	(37,970)
Government and community relations expenses	74,573	-
	<u>1,696,597</u>	<u>1,333,005</u>
<b>Loss from operations</b>	(1,696,597)	(1,333,005)
Finance income	32,952	95,430
Finance costs	(748,059)	(712,368)
Net finance costs	<u>(715,107)</u>	<u>(616,938)</u>
<b>Net loss and comprehensive loss</b>	<u>(2,411,704)</u>	<u>(1,949,943)</u>
<b>Attributable to:</b>		
Owners of the parent	(1,786,638)	(1,810,583)
Non-controlling interest	(625,066)	(139,360)
	<u>(2,411,704)</u>	<u>(1,949,943)</u>
<b>Net loss per share</b>		
Basic and diluted	<u>(0.01)</u>	<u>(0.01)</u>
<b>Weighted average number of shares outstanding</b>		
Basic and diluted	<u>133,045,924</u>	<u>132,134,061</u>

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General and administrative expenses

Comparative general and administrative expenses, by nature of expenditure, are summarized below:

	Three month period ended March 31, 2018	Three month period ended March 31, 2017
	\$	\$
Share-based compensation	742,602	58,807
Consulting, professional and legal fees	281,249	374,744
Investor relations	83,809	45,300
Salaries and benefits	62,466	-
Rent and facilities	41,617	36,600
Office and administration	35,507	74,259
Director fees	21,544	17,157
Regulatory	16,179	13,116
Travel	14,643	3,076
Depreciation	84	-
Deferred share unit compensation	-	415,702
	<b>1,299,700</b>	<b>1,038,761</b>

During the three month period ended March 31, 2018, the Company incurred general and administrative expenses in the amount of \$1,299,700 (2017 - \$1,038,761) resulting in an increase of \$260,939 as compared to the same period of the prior year. The increase in general and administrative expenses is discussed in detail below.

During the three month period ended March 31, 2018, the Company recorded non-cash share-based compensation in the amount of \$742,602 (2017 - \$58,807) with respect to the fair value of equity-settled awards, including stock options and deferred share units. The increase in the amount of \$683,795 during the three month period ended March 31, 2018 as compared to the same period of the prior year is primarily attributable to number of stock options granted during the period and the respective vesting periods.

Consulting, professional and legal fees decreased to \$281,249 for the three month period ended March 31, 2018 as compared to \$374,744 for the same period of the prior year. The decrease in consulting, professional and legal fees in the amount of \$93,495 during the three month period ended March 31, 2018 as compared to the same period of the prior year reflects work completed in the prior comparative period in connection with the Company's efforts to acquire certain assets of the Wabush Scully Mine which were unsuccessful. Refer to "The Kami Project – Project re-scoping" above for additional details.

Investor relations during the three month period ended March 31, 2018 totaled \$83,809 (2017 - \$45,300). The increase in investor relations expenses in the amount of \$38,509 was driven by the release of the Updated PEA, and increased attendance at conferences, corporate communications and translation services.

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During the three month period ended March 31, 2018, the Company incurred salaries and benefits of \$62,466 (2017 - \$nil) as a result of hiring an executive during the three month period ended March 31, 2018. The Company had no employees during the three month period ended March 31, 2017 as all services were provided by consultants.

During the three month period ended March 31, 2018, rent and facilities increased by \$5,017 as compared to the same period of the prior year as a result of opening a local office in Newfoundland and Labrador.

During the three month period ended March 31, 2018, the decrease in office and administration fees of \$38,752 as compared to the same period of the prior year reflects administrative fees associated with bank guaranteed letters of credit. During the three month period ended March 31, 2018, the Company held no bank guaranteed letters of credit and thus incurred no such administrative fees.

The Company paid director fees in the amount of \$21,544 (2017 - \$17,157) during the three month period ended March 31, 2018. Director fees fluctuate based on the composition of the Board of Directors and its committees.

During the three month period ended March 31, 2018, travel costs increased by \$11,567 as compared to the same period of the prior year which is explained by increased corporate activity and the Company's increased presence in the provinces of Quebec and Newfoundland and Labrador.

Deferred share unit ("DSU") compensation costs are a non-cash item and related to a cash-settled award plan. DSU compensation costs were a function of the number of cash-settled DSUs outstanding and the Company's share price at period end. Effective September 14, 2017, the Company's DSU Plan was modified from a cash-settled to an equity-settled plan; and as such, no further DSU compensation was recorded subsequent to the modification. Equity-settled awards are included in share-based compensation.

It is the Company's expectation that total general and administrative expenses will continue to be at lower levels for the year ending December 31, 2018, excluding the impact of share-based compensation costs which in turn depend on a number of unknown or currently inestimable factors such as the Company's future share price, the number of options and DSUs that will be granted in future periods and any changes to parameters or judgments applied to the option pricing model used to calculate the underlying fair value of equity-based awards.

Project maintenance expenses

Comparative project maintenance expenses, by nature of expenditure, are summarized below:

	Three month period ended March 31, 2018	Three month period ended March 31, 2017
	\$	\$
Rent and facilities	98,987	106,069
Professional services and consulting	84,228	224,146
Other costs	2,317	1,999
	185,532	332,214

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The Company started to capitalize costs directly attributable to the Kami Project as of February 1, 2013, which coincided with the release of the 2012 Feasibility Study. Generally, as of November 15, 2014, the Company ceased to incur development costs eligible for capitalization as it was focused on the advancement of its financing plan rather than the development of the Kami Property. Therefore, most of Kami Project costs incurred subsequent to November 15, 2014 have been recorded as project maintenance expenses in the Company's operating expenses as they did not meet the criteria for capitalization.

During the three month period ended March 31, 2018, the Company incurred project maintenance expenses in the amount of \$185,532 (2017 - \$332,214) while the Kami Project was temporarily suspended. The decrease in project maintenance expenses in the amount of \$146,682 is explained below.

The decrease in rent and facilities in the amount of \$7,082 is primarily due to the impact of foreign currency exchange changes on US dollar denominated storage fees.

During the three month period ended March 31, 2018, the Company incurred professional services and consulting fees in the amount of \$84,228 (2017 - \$224,146). The decrease in professional services and consulting fees in the amount of \$139,918 as compared to the same period of the prior year reflects the completion of the March 2017 PEA during the quarter ended March 31, 2017. The Updated PEA was completed during the quarter ended December 31, 2017.

#### Foreign exchange loss (gain)

The foreign exchange loss (gain) recorded during the three month periods ended March 31, 2018 and 2017 reflects changes in the currency exchange rate between the US dollar compared to the Canadian dollar as of each period end and the related impact on US dollar denominated liabilities with respect to equipment commitments.

#### Government and community relations expenses

During the three month period ended March 31, 2018, the Company incurred government and community relations expenses of \$74,573 (2017 - \$nil) in connection with corporate initiatives, specifically to bolster support for the Kami Project in the provinces of Quebec and Newfoundland and Labrador.

#### Net finance costs

During the three month period ended March 31, 2018, the Company incurred net finance costs of \$715,107 (2017 - \$616,938). The increase in net finance costs in the amount of \$98,169 for the three month period ended March 31, 2018 as compared to the same period of the prior year is due to both decreased finance income and increased finance costs. The decreased finance income earned and increased finance costs incurred are a result of decreased cash and cash equivalents balances and increased accretion expense recorded with respect to the Amended Note, respectively.



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*Quarterly consolidated results of operations*

Selected quarterly consolidated results of operations information for the most recently completed eight fiscal quarters are presented below:

	Quarters ended			
	March 31, 2018	December 31, 2017	September 30, 2017	June 30, 2017
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Loss from operations	(1,696,597)	(1,247,310)	(10,173,802)	(112,157,521)
Net loss and comprehensive loss attributable to owners of the parent	(1,786,638)	(1,616,379)	(8,724,862)	(84,954,246)
Net loss per share Basic and diluted	(0.01)	(0.01)	(0.07)	(0.64)

  

	Quarters ended			
	March 31, 2017	December 31, 2016	September 30, 2016	June 30, 2016
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Loss from operations	(1,333,005)	(1,827,929)	(769,159)	(630,873)
Net loss and comprehensive loss attributable to owners of the parent	(1,810,583)	(1,036,920)	(235,837)	(171,257)
Net loss per share Basic and diluted	(0.01)	(0.01)	(0.00)	(0.00)

Net loss per share is based on each reporting period's weighted average number of shares outstanding, which may differ on a quarter-to-quarter basis. As such, the sum of the quarterly net loss per share amounts may not equal year-to-date net loss per share.

Historical quarterly results of operations and net loss per share data do not necessarily reflect any recurring expenditure patterns or predictable trends. As such, quarterly results cannot be interpreted as being indicative of future expectations, results of operations or net loss per share.



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Over the past eight quarters, the Company has attempted to maintain low levels of expenditures, consistent with the temporary suspension of the Kami Project and the implementation of the Program, as discussed in "Corporate activities". The increased losses from operations for the three month periods ended December 31, 2016 and March 31, 2017 are explained by increased non-cash DSU compensation costs and work completed with respect to the March 2017 PEA. During the three month period ended June 30, 2017, the Company recorded an impairment loss with respect to the Kami Project in the amount of \$111,666,355. The loss from operations for the three month period ended September 30, 2017 reflects the termination of a security agreement and resulting settlement amount of \$9,500,000. During the three month period ended December 31, 2017, the Company finalized and filed the Updated PEA. The increased loss from operations for the three month period ended March 31, 2018 is primarily explained by non-cash share-based compensation with respect to the fair value of stock options granted and the respective vesting periods.

**Consolidated statements of financial position information**

	As of March 31, 2018	As of December 31, 2017
	\$	\$
Cash and cash equivalents	13,888,952	14,840,135
Short-term investments	1,001,249	990,551
Receivables and other current assets	141,938	89,170
Mineral properties	99,053,952	98,878,856
Property, plant and equipment	16,124,079	16,121,144
<b>Total assets</b>	<b>130,210,170</b>	<b>130,919,856</b>
Payables and accrued liabilities	9,420,603	9,502,931
Due to related parties	363,878	311,859
Interest payable on convertible debt	474,048	-
Convertible debt	22,763,304	22,489,293
Equity attributable to owners of the parent	84,949,294	85,751,664
Non-controlling interest	12,239,043	12,864,109
<b>Total liabilities and equity</b>	<b>130,210,170</b>	<b>130,919,856</b>

Cash and cash equivalents

As noted below in "Liquidity and capital resources", cash and cash equivalents decreased by \$951,183 during the three month period ended March 31, 2018, due largely to cash used in operating activities and annual lease payments for the Kami Project.

Short-term investments

During the three month period ended March 31, 2018, short-term investments increased by \$10,698 as a result of investments maturing and the reinvestment of earned interest.

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Receivables and other current assets

Receivables and other current assets include sales and other tax credits receivable, other receivables and prepaid expenses. The total balance of receivables and other current assets increased by \$52,768 during the three month period ended March 31, 2018 and is explained by prepayments and security deposits for additional office space, insurance renewals and professional services retainers. These increases were partially offset by the decrease in accrued interest receivable as a result of investments maturing during the three month period ended March 31, 2018.

Mineral properties

As discussed above in "Results of operations – Project maintenance expenses", the Company started to capitalize development costs incurred in relation to the Kami Project as of February 1, 2013. Generally, as of November 15, 2014, the Company ceased to incur development costs eligible for capitalization as it was focused on the advancement of its financing plan rather than the development of the Kami Property. Development costs capitalized to mineral properties will only increase significantly once the Company's financing plan is in place and the Company commences construction of the Kami Project.

During the three month period ended March 31, 2018, mineral properties increased by \$175,096 as a result of the renewal of annual mining and surface rights leases.

Property, plant and equipment

As of March 31, 2018, property, plant and equipment consisted of the carrying value of construction in progress in the amount of \$16,121,144 (December 31, 2017 - \$16,121,144) pertaining to advances paid or accrued on equipment for the Kami Project and computer and office equipment in the amount of \$2,935 (December 31, 2017 - \$nil).

Payables and accrued liabilities

Payables and accrued liabilities decreased by \$82,328 during the three month period ended March 31, 2018 which is explained by the issuance of common shares for which the Company accrued professional fees in the amount of \$200,000 as of December 31, 2017. The decrease in accrued professional expenses was partially offset by an increase in accrued equipment purchases due to the impact of foreign exchange.

Due to related parties

As of March 31, 2018, amounts due to related parties increased by \$52,019 compared to the balance as of December 31, 2017 and are detailed in "Related party transactions" below.



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Convertible debt

As discussed above in "Corporate activities - Convertible debt", the Company entered into the Liberty Note which amounted to \$22,000,000. The Liberty Note is a compound instrument composed of both a debt component and an equity component. The equity component is due to the embedded derivatives identified in the agreement with respect to Liberty's conversion option and the Company's early repayment option. Management determined that the fair value of the debt component at inception was \$18,266,247 with the residual value of \$3,403,753 allocated to the equity component, net of transaction costs of \$330,000.

On December 8, 2014, the Company and Liberty amended the Liberty Note to defer cash interest payments that were due on December 31, 2014 and June 30, 2015. The Company issued to Liberty 1,987,083 warrants, with an exercise price of \$0.4465, on December 31, 2014 and 3,254,353 warrants, with an exercise price of \$0.279, on June 30, 2015. The fair value of these warrants in the amount of \$799,948 was accounted for as additional financing costs of the Liberty Note.

During the three month period ended March 31, 2018, the balance of convertible debt increased by \$274,011 as a result of non-cash accretion expense recorded.

As of March 31, 2018, the balance of accrued interest payable to Liberty was \$474,048 (December 31, 2017 - \$nil).

Equity attributable to owners of the parent

Equity attributable to owners of the parent decreased by \$802,370 during the three month period ended March 31, 2018 primarily as a result of the net loss and comprehensive loss attributable to the parent for the period in the amount of \$1,786,638. This loss was partially offset by the issuance of 833,333 common shares with a fair value of \$241,666 to an executive as a part of his compensation package, and share-based compensation costs in the amount of \$742,602.

No distributions or cash dividends were made or declared during the three month period ended March 31, 2018.

Non-controlling interest

Non-controlling interest represents HBIS Group's 25% interest in the equity of the Company's less than wholly-owned affiliate, The Kami LP, and is classified as a separate component of equity. On initial recognition, non-controlling interest, which represented HBIS Group's \$119.9 million contribution into The Kami LP, was measured at fair value.

Changes in the Company's ownership interest in The Kami LP that do not result in a loss of control are recorded as equity transactions. The carrying amount of non-controlling interest decreased by \$625,066 during the three month period ended March 31, 2018 as a result of the net loss and comprehensive loss attributable to The Kami LP.

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## Liquidity and capital resources

### *Consolidated statements of cash flows information*

As of March 31, 2018, the Company had cash and cash equivalents of \$13,888,952 compared to \$14,840,135 as of December 31, 2017, and a working capital deficit (total current assets less total current liabilities) of \$17,989,694 compared to \$16,384,227 as of December 31, 2017.

The increase in working capital deficit in the amount of \$1,605,467 during the three month period ended March 31, 2018 is due primarily to the decrease in cash and cash equivalents and increases in the convertible debt balances. Refer to "Consolidated statements of financial position information" for further discussion of account balance changes during the three month period ended March 31, 2018.

During the three month period ended March 31, 2018, cash and cash equivalents decreased by \$951,183. Cash used in operating activities during the three month period ended March 31, 2018 amounted to \$765,389, as discussed in "Results of operations". Net cash used in investing activities amounted to \$185,794 and related to additions to mineral properties (\$175,096) and reinvestment of interest income received (\$10,698). There were no cash flows from financing activities during the three month period ended March 31, 2018.

During the three month period ended March 31, 2017, cash and cash equivalents decreased by \$1,325,782. Cash used in operating activities during the three month period ended March 31, 2017 amounted to \$889,753, as discussed in "Results of operations". Net cash used in investing activities amounted to \$436,029 and related to additions to mineral properties (\$175,095), a deposit paid with respect to an offer to acquire certain assets of the Wabush Scully Mine (\$250,000) and reinvestment of interest income received (\$10,934). There were no cash flows from financing activities during the three month period ended March 31, 2017.

A summary of cash flows by activity is summarized below.

	Three month period ended March 31, 2018	Three month period ended March 31, 2017
	\$	\$
Net cash used in operating activities	(765,389)	(889,753)
Net cash used in investing activities	(185,794)	(436,029)
<b>Net change in cash and cash equivalents</b>	<b>(951,183)</b>	<b>(1,325,782)</b>
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period	14,840,135	8,854,646
<b>Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period</b>	<b>13,888,952</b>	<b>7,528,864</b>



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Cash used in operating activities represents net loss and excludes the impact of any non-cash transactions, such as the recording of accretion of the Amended Note and share-based and DSU compensation costs. Additionally, net cash used in operating activities reflects any changes in components of working capital, such as receivables and payables, which fluctuate in a manner that does not necessarily reflect predictable patterns for the overall use of cash, the generation of which depends almost entirely on sources of external financing to fund our evaluation and development initiatives and other expenses.

Cash used in investing activities primarily represents cash development costs that have been capitalized, changes in short-term investments and advances made in relation to the Kami Project, as discussed above in "Consolidated statements of financial position information".

As at March 31, 2018, \$12,461,009 of cash and \$1,001,249 in short-term investments are held by The Kami LP. Under the terms of the agreements with HBIS Group, Alderon has agreed that the proceeds from the Initial Investment would be used solely for Kami Project related expenditures. As a result, Alderon is restricted from transferring this cash from The Kami LP to Alderon, with the exception of sales tax transactions on accrued intercompany management fees. During the year ended December 31, 2017, The Kami LP and NLH executed a settlement agreement with respect to the termination of a power purchase agreement and the return of a security deposit. The net funds received as a result of the settlement agreement are not attributable to the Initial Investment and have no such restrictions. However, the Company will need to obtain additional financing in the future. See also "Financial instruments and risk management – Liquidity risk" and "Risk factors".

To date, the Company has not recorded any revenues from operations, has no source of operating cash flow and no assurance that additional funding will be available to it for further development of the Kami Project. The Company does not have financial resources sufficient to cover all of its commitments for the coming year, which include net amounts payable as at as of March 31, 2018 necessary general and administrative costs through the next twelve months, interest payments due on convertible debt, and contractual obligations as at March 31, 2018 (in relation to anticipated equipment payments). In addition, the principal balance of the convertible debt in the amount of \$23,702,393 becomes due on December 31, 2018.

To conserve financial resources, the Company has split its purchase orders for equipment into two phases, engineering and manufacturing. Advances for engineering have been paid in full while commitments for manufacturing and fabrication, estimated at \$30.3 million, remain contingent upon the Company issuing to its suppliers a notice to proceed following successful completion of its financing plan.

In addition, the Company is committed to paying its amounts payable, of which certain amounts therein become due once financing is obtained. Necessary general and administrative costs are projected at approximately \$3.8 million over the next twelve months, including key management personnel (\$1.1 million), audit, tax, legal and other professional services (\$0.5 million), Kami Project initiatives and maintenance (\$1.3 million) and other corporate and regulatory costs (\$0.9 million). In addition, interest and principal payments on the Amended Note total \$25.6 million over the next twelve months.



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Despite the actions taken by the Company, these conditions and events indicate material uncertainties that may cast significant doubt upon the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. The Company is seeking to arrange the necessary funds in order to cover these obligations. While the Company has been successful in the past in obtaining necessary funds on terms acceptable to the Company, there is no assurance that such funds will be available in the future. If management is unable to obtain new funding, the Company may be unable to continue its operations, and amounts realized for assets might be less than amounts reflected in the consolidated financial statements.

As discussed in the "Outlook" section, the Company does not currently have sufficient resources to fund the construction of the Kami Project. In order to obtain the necessary funds the Company plans to close a senior debt facility and issue equity instruments. The Company will not be able to commence the construction of the Kami Project until the funds are obtained.

#### **Outstanding share data**

As of May 9, 2018, there were 133,471,850 common shares issued and outstanding, 6,985,000 stock options outstanding, 10,260,543 common shares issuable on the conversion of the outstanding amount of the Amended Note and 5,241,436 warrants outstanding.

#### **Related party transactions**

A related party is any person, including close members of that person's family, or entity that has significant influence over the Company. Related parties also include members of our key management personnel—namely, those persons having authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the Company, directly or indirectly, including any director (whether executive or otherwise) of the Company. Significant influence is the power to participate in the financial and operating policy decisions of an entity, but is not control over those policies. Significant influence may be gained by share ownership, statute or agreement. A transaction is considered to be a related party transaction when there is a transfer of resources or obligations between related parties.

#### *Key management personnel*

Key management personnel include those persons having authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the Company as a whole. The Company has determined that key management personnel consists of executive and non-executive members of the Company's Board of Directors, corporate officers, including the Company's Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, as well as any Vice Presidents reporting directly to a Corporate Executive Board member or officer, acting in that capacity.

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Remuneration attributed to key management personnel can be summarized as follows:

	Three month period ended March 31, 2018	Three month period ended March 31, 2017
	\$	\$
Share-based and deferred share unit compensation	570,573	462,637
Short-term benefits*	256,127	281,078
	<b>826,700</b>	<b>743,715</b>

\* include base salaries, pursuant to contractual employment or consultancy arrangements, directors' fees and other non-post-retirement benefits.

*Other related parties*

King & Bay West Management Corp. ("King & Bay"): King & Bay is an entity that is owned by Mark Morabito, the Non-Executive Chairman of the Company's Board of Directors. King & Bay provides certain administrative, management, geological, legal and regulatory, finance, corporate development, information technology support and corporate communications services to the Company. These services are provided to the Company on an as-needed basis and are billed based on the cost or value of the services provided to the Company. The amount set out in the table below represents amounts paid to King & Bay for the services of King & Bay personnel and for overhead and third party costs incurred by King & Bay on behalf of the Company.

Liberty: Liberty was a significant shareholder of the Company and is entitled to a representative on the Company's Board of Directors. During the year ended December 31, 2014, Liberty provided the Company with the Liberty Note which has an interest rate of 8% per annum. Transactions with Liberty in connection with the Liberty Note and the subsequent amendments are discussed in "Corporate activities - Convertible debt". Subsequent to the three month period ended March 31, 2018, Liberty sold 18,797,454 common shares held in the Company to Altius Minerals Corporation. As of April 10, 2018, Liberty is no longer a shareholder of the Company but it continues to hold 5,241,436 warrants which expire on December 31, 2018.

HBIS International Holding (Canada) Co., Ltd ("HBIS"): HBIS is a subsidiary of HBIS Group, a significant shareholder of the Company and a 25% owner of The Kami LP. Under the terms of the definitive agreements governing the strategic partnership between HBIS Group, HBIS and the Company, HBIS has the right to appoint two people to the management of The Kami LP. HBIS has nominated two individuals to act as Vice President, Finance & Procurement (China) and Vice President, Strategy & Development. These individuals provide management services to The Kami LP in these roles and HBIS is paid a fee for the provision of these individuals to provide these services. The fees for these services are consistent with the Company's compensation policies for other management personnel.

GN Consulting Services Inc. ("GN Consulting"): GN Consulting is an entity that is owned by Gary Norris, the Executive Vice President of Government & Community Affairs of the Company, and provides consulting services. The fees for these services are consistent with the Company's compensation policies for other management personnel.

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Transactions entered into with related parties, other than key management personnel and not otherwise disclosed, include the following:

	Three month period ended March 31, 2018	Three month period ended March 31, 2017
	\$	\$
King & Bay	149,749	109,327
HBIS	80,004	80,004
	<b>229,753</b>	<b>189,331</b>

Transactions with related parties, are described above, were for services rendered to the Company in the normal course of operations and were measured at the exchange amount, which is the amount of consideration established and agreed to by the related parties. All services were made on terms equivalent to those that prevail with arm's length transactions.

Amounts owed to related parties, not otherwise disclosed, are summarized below.

	As of March 31, 2018	As of December 31, 2017
	\$	\$
HBIS	256,680	256,680
King & Bay	103,374	53,519
GN Consulting	3,824	1,660
	<b>363,878</b>	<b>311,859</b>

The amounts payable to related parties are non-interest bearing, unsecured, and have no fixed terms for payment.

### Commitments and contingencies

In connection with the 2010 purchase from Altius Minerals Corporation ("Altius") of the Kami Property, Alderon committed to paying Altius a 3% gross royalty on iron ore concentrate that is generated from the Kami Project.

In connection with the Strategic Investment, HBIS Group agreed to purchase, upon the commencement of commercial production, 60% of the actual annual production from the Kami Project up to a maximum of 4.8 million tonnes of the first 8.0 million tonnes of iron ore concentrate produced annually at the Kami Project. The price paid by HBIS Group will be based on the Platts Iron Ore Index ("Platts Price"), including additional quoted premium for iron content greater than 62%, less a discount equal to 5% of such quoted price. HBIS Group also will have the option to purchase additional tonnages at a price equal to the Platts Price, without any such discount.

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On July 29, 2014, The Kami LP entered into an off-take agreement (the "Glencore Agreement") with a subsidiary of Glencore plc ("Glencore"), with respect to an off-take transaction pursuant to which Glencore will acquire all of actual annual production from the Kami Project that has not been allocated to HBIS Group. Under the terms of the Glencore Agreement, Glencore will be obligated to purchase upon the commencement of commercial production, 40% of the actual annual production from the Kami Project up to a maximum of 3.2 million tonnes of the first 8.0 million tonnes of iron ore concentrate produced annually at the Kami Project. The term of the Glencore Agreement will continue until The Kami LP has delivered 48.0 million tonnes of iron ore concentrate to Glencore, which is expected to be 15 years after the commencement of commercial production. The market price paid by Glencore will be based on the Platts Price, including additional quoted premium for iron content greater than 62%, less a discount equal to 2% of such quoted price.

As discussed above, as part of Alderon's strategy to source the long-lead mining and processing equipment in sufficient time to adhere to the Kami Project's schedule, the Company has negotiated contracts with suppliers in relation to the purchase of equipment. As of March 31, 2018, payments of \$30,332,000 remain to be paid on the equipment for contracts entered into and approximately \$30,150,000 of this amount is contingent on confirmation by the Company of notice to proceed with fabrication of this equipment.

Including the commitments and contractual obligations discussed above, the Company has the following known commitments as of March 31, 2018:

	Payments due in:				
	Total	Less than 1 year	1 to 3 years	3 to 5 years	More than 5 years
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Equipment <sup>(1)</sup>	30,332,410	-	30,332,410	-	-
Convertible debt <sup>(2)</sup>	25,598,587	25,598,587	-	-	-
Operating lease obligations	205,000	60,000	120,000	25,000	-
<b>Totals</b>	<b>56,135,997</b>	<b>25,658,587</b>	<b>30,452,410</b>	<b>25,000</b>	<b>-</b>

<sup>(1)</sup> Approximately \$30.2 million of this amount is contingent on confirmation by the Company of notice to proceed with fabrication of this equipment.

<sup>(2)</sup> The convertible debt became convertible as of February 23, 2015. The principal amount and any accrued but unpaid interest are convertible at Liberty's option into the Company's common shares at a conversion price equal to \$2.376 per common share.

### Off-balance sheet arrangements

As of March 31, 2018, the Company did not have any off-balance sheet arrangements.

## Significant accounting policies, critical accounting estimates and judgments and new standards and interpretations not yet adopted

### *Significant accounting policies*

The accounting policies disclosed in the notes to the annual consolidated financial statements of the Company for the year ended December 31, 2017 have been applied consistently to all periods presented in the accompanying condensed interim consolidated financial statements, except as outlined below.

### Financial instruments

Effective January 1, 2018, the Company has adopted IFRS 9, *Financial Instruments* ("IFRS 9"). IFRS 9 provides three different measurement categories for non-derivative financial assets – subsequently measured at amortized cost, fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL") or fair value through other comprehensive income – while all non-derivative financial liabilities are classified as subsequently measured at amortized cost. The category into which a financial asset is placed and the resultant accounting treatment is largely dependent on the nature of the business of the entity holding the financial asset. All financial instruments are initially recognized at fair value.

The implementation of the new standard has not had a material impact on the measurement of the Company's reported financial results; however additional disclosures have been provided.

### Financial assets

The Company initially recognizes financial assets on the trade date, which is the date that the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. The Company derecognizes a financial asset when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire, or it transfers the rights to receive the contractual cash flows in a transaction in which substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset are transferred. Any interest in such transferred financial assets that is created or retained by the Company is recognized as a separate asset or liability.

The Company classifies all of its financial assets as subsequently measured at amortized cost. All financial assets that do not meet the criteria to be recognized as subsequently measured at amortized cost or subsequently measured at fair value through other comprehensive income are classified as FVTPL.

### Financial liabilities

The Company measures all of its financial liabilities as subsequently measured at amortized cost. Financial liabilities are recognized initially at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred, and are subsequently measured at amortized cost. Any difference between the amounts originally received, net of transaction costs, and the redemption value is recognized in profit and loss over the period to maturity using the effective interest method.



### *Critical accounting estimates and judgments*

The preparation of the Company's condensed interim consolidated financial statements in accordance with IAS 34 requires management to make estimates about and apply assumptions to future events and other matters that affect the reported amounts of the Company's assets, liabilities, expenses and related disclosures. Assumptions and estimates are based on historical experience, expectations, current trends and other factors that management believes to be relevant at the time at which the Company's condensed interim consolidated financial statements are prepared. Management reviews, on a regular basis, the Company's accounting policies, assumptions and estimates in order to ensure that the condensed interim consolidated financial statements are presented fairly and in accordance with IAS 34.

Critical accounting estimates are those that have a significant risk of causing material adjustment and are often applied to matters or outcomes that are inherently uncertain and subject to change. As such, management cautions that future events often vary from forecasts and expectations and that estimates routinely require adjustment. The significant judgments made by the Company in applying accounting policies and the key sources of estimation uncertainty were the same as those that applied to the annual consolidated financial statements of the Company for the year ended December 31, 2017.

### *New standards and interpretations not yet adopted*

The standard that is considered to be relevant to the Company's operations that is issued, but not yet effective, up to the date of issuance of the Company's condensed interim consolidated financial statements is disclosed below:

#### Leases

IFRS 16, *Leases* ("IFRS 16"), which specifies how an entity will recognize, measure, present and disclose leases. The standard provides a single lessee accounting model, requiring lessees to recognize assets and liabilities for all leases unless the lease term is twelve months or less or the underlying asset has a low monetary value. Lessors continue to classify leases as operating or finance, with IFRS 16's approach to lessor accounting substantially unchanged from its predecessor, IAS 17, *Leases*. IFRS 16 applies to annual reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2019, with earlier application permitted only if IFRS 15, *Revenue from Contracts with Customers* has also been applied.

The Company will adopt IFRS 16 in its financial statements on January 1, 2019. The impact of the adoption of this standard will result in the recognition of additional assets and liabilities on the statement of financial position, and a corresponding increase in depreciation and interest expense. The extent of the impact of adopting IFRS 16 has not yet been determined. The Company has completed the development of its implementation plan and expects to report more detailed information, including estimated quantitative financial impacts, if material, in its financial statements as the effective date approaches.

#### **Capital disclosures**

The Company's objective in managing capital, consisting of equity, with cash being its primary component, is to ensure sufficient liquidity to fund: development and other Kami Project activities; general and administrative expenses; working capital; and capital expenditures.

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Management regularly monitors the Company's capital structure and makes adjustments thereto based on funds available to the Company for the acquisition, exploration and development of mineral properties. The Board of Directors has not established quantitative return on capital criteria for capital management, but rather relies upon the expertise of the management team to sustain the future development of the business.

The properties in which the Company currently has an interest are in the development stage, and the Company does not generate any revenue. Accordingly, the Company is dependent upon sources of external financing to fund both the Kami Project and its other costs. While the Company endeavours to minimize dilution to its shareholders, management has in the past engaged in dilutive financial transactions, such as private placements, and may engage in dilutive arrangements in the future.

The Company's policy on dividends is to retain cash to keep funds available to finance the activities required to advance the Company's Kami Project. Although the Company is not subject to any capital requirements imposed by any regulators or by any other external source, Alderon has provided confirmation to HBIS Group with respect to the use of the Initial Investment proceeds.

**Financial instruments and risk management**

As of March 31, 2018, financial instruments are comprised of cash and cash equivalents, short-term investments, receivables, payables and accrued liabilities, amounts due to related parties, interest payable and convertible debt.

The carrying values of the Company's cash and cash equivalents, short-term investments, receivables, payables and accrued liabilities, amounts due to related parties and interest payable approximate their fair values due to their short-term maturities or to the prevailing interest rates of the related instruments, which are comparable to those of the market. The determination of fair value of the convertible debt is based on a discounted cash flow model using the current market interest rate that the Company could have obtained for a similar secured loan without a conversion option.

The fair values of the Company's financial assets and liabilities, together with the carrying values included in the condensed interim consolidated statements of financial position, as of March 31, 2018 are presented below. In the following table, receivables exclude sales and other tax credits.

As of March 31, 2018

	Carrying value	Fair value
	\$	\$
<b>Financial assets</b>		
Cash and cash equivalents	13,888,952	13,888,952
Short-term investments	1,001,249	1,001,249
Receivables	1,150	1,150
<b>Financial liabilities</b>		
Payables and accrued liabilities	(9,420,603)	(9,420,603)
Due to related parties	(363,878)	(363,878)
Interest payable on convertible debt	(474,048)	(474,048)
Convertible debt	(22,763,304)	(22,739,166)
	(18,130,482)	(18,106,344)

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The Company is exposed in varying degrees to certain risks arising from financial instruments, as discussed below.

*Liquidity risk*

Liquidity risk is the risk that an entity will encounter difficulty in meeting obligations associated with financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial asset.

As discussed above, our capital management objectives include working to ensure that we have sufficient liquidity to fund Company activities that are directly and indirectly related to the advancement of the Kami Project.

The Company endeavours to ensure that it will have sufficient liquidity in order to meet short to medium-term business requirements and all financial obligations as those obligations become due. Historically, sufficient liquidity has been provided predominantly through external financing initiatives, including strategic, traditional and flow-through private placements to investors and institutions. Alderon is actively engaged in discussions to raise the necessary capital to meet its funding requirements for the Kami Project and repay the Amended Note, including debt and equity financing. The Company will continue to rely upon sources of external financing in future periods until such time as commercial production commences, notwithstanding the Company's successful capital-raising activities, as discussed in "Corporate activities". There is no assurance that financing of sufficient amounts or on terms acceptable to the Company will be available.

*Credit risk*

Credit risk is the risk that one party to a financial instrument will cause a financial loss for the other party by failing to discharge an obligation.

The Company's receivables consist primarily of sales and other tax credits, which are due from Canadian federal and provincial tax agencies. Additionally, the Company's cash and cash equivalents and short-term investments are held in deposit at high-credit quality Canadian financial institutions. As a result, management considers the risk of non-performance related to accounts receivable, cash and cash equivalents and short-term investments to be minimal.

*Interest rate risk*

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates.

Fluctuations of market interest rates have little impact on the Company's financial results since the Company does not have variable rate debt as of March 31, 2018. Changes in market interest rates do not have an impact on interest expense related to the Amended Note because the rate of the Amended Note is fixed.

## Risk factors

The exploration of mineral deposits involves significant risks and uncertainties, which even a combination of careful evaluation, experience and knowledge may not eliminate. A comprehensive list of risk factors relating to our business is provided under the heading, "Risk factors", in the Company's Annual Report for the year ended December 31, 2017, which is available on SEDAR, at [www.sedar.com](http://www.sedar.com). Certain of the more prominent risk factors that may materially affect the Company's future performance, in addition to those referred to above, are listed hereunder.

### *Risks associated with secured debt.*

The Company's obligations under the Liberty Note are secured against the Kami Project. Any failure to meet any of the payment obligations under the Liberty Note, or otherwise adhere to the covenants therein or fulfill the other obligations thereunder, may trigger an event of default and a demand for full immediate repayment of all amounts outstanding under the Liberty Note. If the Company is unable to repay all amounts outstanding under the Liberty Note, Liberty may realize on its security and the Company could lose its interest in the Kami Project. The Company does not currently have sufficient funds to repay all amounts outstanding under the Liberty Note and it will need to identify additional sources of financing to satisfy such obligations.

### *Alderon depends on a single mineral project.*

The Kami Property accounts for all of Alderon's mineral resources and exclusively represents the current potential for the future generation of revenue. Mineral exploration and development involves a high degree of risk that even a combination of careful evaluation, experience and knowledge cannot eliminate and few properties that are explored are ultimately developed into producing mines. Any adverse development affecting the Kami Property will have a material adverse effect on our business, prospects, financial position, results of operations and cash flows.

### *The successful start of mining operations at, and the development of, the Kami Project into a commercially viable mine cannot be assured.*

Development of mineral properties involves a high degree of risk and few properties that are explored are ultimately developed into producing mines. The commercial viability of a mineral deposit is dependent upon a number of factors which are beyond Alderon's control, including the attributes of the deposit, commodity prices, government policies and regulation and environmental protection. Fluctuations in the market prices of minerals may render resources and deposits containing relatively lower grades of mineralization uneconomic.

There are numerous activities that need to be completed in order to successfully commence development and production at the Kami Project, including, without limitation: optimizing the mine plan; recruiting and training personnel; having available funds to finance construction and development activities; avoiding potential increases in costs; negotiating contracts for railway transportation and port loading and handling; updating, renewing and obtaining, as required, all necessary permits, including, without limitation, environmental permits; and handling any other infrastructure issues. There is no certainty that we will be able to successfully complete these activities, since most of these activities require significant lead times, and we will be required to manage and advance these activities concurrently in order to begin production. A failure or delay in the completion of any one of these activities may delay production, possibly indefinitely, at the Kami Project and would have a material adverse effect on our business, prospects, financial position, results of operations and cash flows.

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As such, there can be no assurance that Alderon will be able to complete development of the Kami Project at all, on time or in accordance with any budgets due to, among other things, the delivery and installation of plant and equipment and cost overruns, or that the current personnel, systems, procedures and controls will be adequate to support operations. Failure to successfully complete these events as expected would have a material adverse effect on our business, prospects, financial position, results of operations and cash flows.

There is no assurance that Alderon will ever achieve production or that the Company will ever be profitable if production is achieved.

*Alderon currently relies on only two customers for 100% of its expected iron ore concentrate production.*

Alderon currently relies on two significant customers for 100% of the Alderon expected output of 8 Mt of iron ore concentrate annually once the commencement of commercial production occurs. Alderon has entered into the Off-Take Agreement with HBIS Group, a related party who owns 25% of The Kami LP and 19.9% of the Company's common shares. As part of this agreement, upon the commencement of commercial production, HBIS Group is obligated to purchase 60% of the actual annual production from the Kami Property, up to a maximum of 4.8 Mt of the first 8.0 Mt of iron ore concentrate produced annually at the Kami Property. In addition, the Company entered into the Glencore Agreement with respect to an off-take transaction pursuant to which Glencore will acquire all of actual annual production from the Kami Project that has not been allocated to HBIS Group. As noted above, Glencore will be obligated to purchase upon the commencement of commercial production, 40% of the actual annual production from the Kami Project up to a maximum of 3.2 million tonnes of the first 8.0 million tonnes of iron ore concentrate produced annually at the Kami Project.

As a result of reliance on these two customers for the entirety of Alderon's iron ore production, Alderon could be subject to adverse consequences if HBIS Group or Glencore breach their purchase commitments.

*Titles and other rights to the Kami Property cannot be guaranteed and may be subject to prior unregistered agreements, transfers or claims and other defects.*

Alderon cannot guarantee that title to the Kami Property will not be challenged. Alderon may not have, or may not be able to obtain, all necessary surface rights to develop the Kami Property. Title insurance generally is not available for mineral properties, and our ability to ensure that we have obtained secure claim to individual mineral properties or mining concessions comprising the Kami Property may be severely constrained. The Kami Property may be subject to prior unregistered agreements, transfers or claims, and title may be affected by, among other things, undetected defects. We have not conducted surveys of all of the claims in which we hold direct or indirect interests. A successful challenge to the precise area and location of these claims could result in our being unable to operate on all or part of the Kami Property as permitted or being unable to enforce our rights with respect to all or part of the Kami Property. This could result in Alderon not being compensated for its prior expenditures relating to the property. In addition, Alderon's ability to continue to explore and develop the property may be subject to agreements with other third parties including agreements with aboriginal groups. For instance, Alderon has concluded agreements with the Innu Nation of Labrador and the NunatuKavut pursuant to which these groups will provide their support for the Kami Project in return for certain benefits.

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*Alderon needs to enter into contracts with external service providers.*

Mining, processing, development and exploration activities depend, to one degree or another, on adequate infrastructure. In order to develop a mine at the Kami Project, we will need to negotiate and conclude various agreements with external service providers for rail transportation and port loading and handling, and these are important determinants that affect capital and operating costs. The inability to conclude any such agreements could have a material adverse effect on the Company's financial position, results of operations and cash flows and render the development of a mine on the Kami Project unviable.

*Alderon's activities are subject to environmental laws and regulations that may increase Alderon's costs of doing business and restrict the Company's operations.*

All of our exploration, potential development and production activities in Canada are subject to regulation by governmental agencies under various environmental laws, including with respect to air emissions, discharges into water, management of waste, management of hazardous substances, protection of natural resources, antiquities and endangered species and reclamation of lands disturbed by mining operations. Compliance with environmental laws and regulations may require significant capital outlays on behalf of Alderon and may cause material changes or delays in our intended activities. There can be no assurance that future changes in environmental regulations will not adversely affect our business, and it is possible that future changes in these laws or regulations could have a significant adverse impact on some portion of our business, causing us to re-evaluate those activities at that time. Failure to comply with applicable environmental laws, regulations and permitting requirements may result in enforcement actions thereunder, including orders issued by regulator or judicial authorities, causing operations to cease or to be curtailed, and may include corrective measures requiring capital expenditures, installation of additional equipment or remedial actions.

*Alderon may experience difficulty attracting and retaining qualified management and technical personnel to meet the needs of its anticipated growth.*

We are dependent on the services of key executives, including our Non-Executive Chairman and Chief Executive Officer, Chief Financial Officer and other highly skilled and experienced executives and personnel focused on managing Alderon's interests and the advancement of the Kami Property and on identifying new opportunities for growth and funding. Due to our relatively small size, the loss of these persons or our inability to attract and retain additional highly skilled employees, on a timely basis or at all, required for the development of our activities may have a material adverse effect on our business or future operations.

We also anticipate that, as we bring the Kami Project into production and, where appropriate, acquire additional mineral rights, we will experience significant growth in our operations. We expect this growth to create new positions and responsibilities for management and technical personnel and to increase demands on our operating and financial systems. There can be no assurance that we will successfully meet these demands and effectively attract and retain additional qualified personnel to manage our anticipated growth. The failure to attract such qualified personnel to manage growth would have a material adverse effect on our business, financial position, results of operations and cash flows.



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*The Company does not have financial resources sufficient to cover all of its commitments for the coming year, therefore, material uncertainties exist that may cast significant doubt upon the Company's ability to continue as a going concern.*

Alderon currently has limited financial resources, no cash inflows from production, negative operating cash flows, and debt maturing on December 31, 2018. Although Alderon has completed the engineering work required to commence construction at the Kami Project, the commencement of construction of the Kami Project is subject to the completion of the Company's financing plan.

The Company does not have financial resources sufficient to cover all of its commitments for the coming year and must secure sufficient funding to meet its existing commitments. In addition, further development and exploration of the Kami Property depends upon Alderon's ability to obtain financing through strategic partnerships, equity or debt financings, production-sharing arrangements or other dilutive or non-dilutive means. There is no assurance that Alderon will be successful in obtaining required financing on acceptable terms, or at all. If Alderon is unable to obtain additional financing it may consider other options, such as (i) selling assets, (ii) selling equity, or (iii) selling interests in the Kami Property. If Alderon raises additional funding by issuing additional equity securities or other securities that are convertible into equity securities, such financings may substantially dilute the interest of existing or future shareholders. Sales or issuances of a substantial number of securities, or the perception that such sales could occur, may adversely affect the prevailing market price of Alderon's common shares. With any additional sale or issuance of equity securities, investors will suffer dilution of their voting power and may experience dilution in earnings per share. Failure to obtain additional financing could result in an indefinite postponement of further exploration and development of the Kami Property and will have a material adverse effect on Alderon's business, prospects, financial position, results of operations and cash flows.

Alderon is pursuing a financing strategy for the Kami Project that includes obtaining a senior debt facility to complete the construction and start-up of the Kami Project. The completion of the financing plan has taken longer than anticipated. There can be no assurance that Alderon will receive commitments from lenders for a senior debt facility or that Alderon will be able to negotiate binding agreements with respect to a senior debt facility. There can be no assurance that the Company will successfully conclude a senior debt facility or any of its financing strategy. These conditions and events indicate material uncertainties that may cast significant doubt upon the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. The failure of Alderon to enter into the senior debt facility on reasonable terms, or at all, could delay construction and start-up of the Kami Project. The Company may be unable to continue its operations, which would have a material adverse effect on Alderon's business, financial position, results of operations and cash flows.

If the going concern assumption was not appropriate, adjustments to the carrying value of assets and liabilities, reported expenses and consolidated statement of financial position classifications would be necessary. Such adjustments could be material.

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*Alderon has a history of losses and expects to incur losses for the foreseeable future.*

Alderon has incurred losses since its inception and expects to incur losses for the foreseeable future. We expect to continue to incur losses unless and until such time as the Kami Project enters into commercial production and generates sufficient revenues to fund continuing operations. The development of the Kami Project will require the commitment of substantial financial resources. The amount and timing of expenditures will depend on a number of factors, including the progress of ongoing exploration, evaluation and development, the results of consultant analysis and recommendations, the rate at which operating losses are incurred, the execution of any agreements with strategic partners and our acquisition of additional properties. Some of these factors are beyond our control. There can be no assurance that Alderon will ever achieve profitability.

*Our securities are subject to price volatility.*

In recent years, the securities markets in the United States and Canada have experienced a high level of price and volume volatility, and the market prices of securities of many companies have experienced wide fluctuations that have not been necessarily related to the operating performance, underlying asset values or prospects of such companies. There can be no assurance that fluctuations in our share price will not occur. It may be anticipated that any quoted market for our common shares will be subject to market trends generally, notwithstanding any potential success in creating revenues, cash flows or earnings. The value of our common shares will be affected by such volatility.

### **Subsequent event**

The following event occurred subsequent to the three month period ended March 31, 2018:

On April 2, 2018, the Company granted 300,000 stock options with an exercise price of \$0.26 and term of five years.

### **Internal control over financial reporting**

During the three month period ended March 31, 2018, there were no changes in the Company's internal control over financial reporting that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company's internal control over financial reporting.

### **Additional information**

Additional information relating to the Company, including the Company's Annual Report for the year ended December 31, 2017 is available on SEDAR at [www.sedar.com](http://www.sedar.com).

### **Approval**

The Board of Directors of Alderon Iron Ore Corp. has approved the information and disclosures contained in this MD&A.